

# ALIMTIAZ INVESTMENT GROUP

## We initiate with BUY and KWd 194 TP

- AIIG operates across 6 main industries in MENA, from which it seeks investment returns via disposal gains (assets sales and/or listings), capital returns (for RE & FI), and inhouse expansions (capacity adds and market share gains for manufacturing & services units).
- AIIG is trading at an estimated 30% discount to its exit value, suggesting 46% upside on our DCF-driven TP and 120% on our multiples-driven TP.
- We initiate coverage of ALIMTIAZ KK with a BUY rating and KWd 194 TP, trading at 0.7x P/B at >50% discount to global investment peers.

**Al Imtiaz Investment Group (AIIG)** is a leading Kuwaiti Sharia'a compliant investment group with a diversified portfolio of assets across the GCC (64% Kuwait, 19% UAE) and wider MENA region (10% Egypt). Core assets represent 86% of AIIG's portfolio NAV centered around six main business verticals, including real estate (31% of NAV), IT and technology services (18%), pharmaceuticals (11%), energy and construction (7%), education (4%), and F&B processing and packaging (3%). The company also owns a portfolio of listed financial investments (11% of NAV) including a minority stake in Humansoft, in addition to a portfolio of minority stakes in associate companies (8% of NAV).

**AIIG seeks value through inhouse expansions, investment exits via asset disposals, and capital returns through IPO's.** The group targets organic growth in existing business units via market share gains (in F&B) and capacity adds (in pharma and education), and seeks expansions into new markets (KSA and Kuwait) via its Technology business (cloud and cyber security solutions). AIIG also targets annual investments of approx. KWD 20m (in existing and new sectors) that will be funded by cash, debt, and exit proceeds (sale/listing of operating assets and disposal of fully provisioned investments).

**We expect gross profit from operating subsidiaries to grow by 31% in FY 21e and 15% in FY 22e,** driven by ongoing cost rationalization and growth in revenues for ITH, lower asset revaluation losses for Dimah on stabilized capital values, and continued growth in pharma (portfolio optimization) and construction (accelerated execution). We expect earnings to revert to profits in FY 21e and to maintain solid growth in FY 22-23e on lower asset provisioning, improved margins, and higher revenues. We expect RoE to gradually grow back to 5% in FY 24e on earnings growth, excluding potential M&A proceeds or disposal gains over the next 3 years.

**Leverage is well contained at 15% LTV and 24% D/E,** suggesting room for growth via new debt as AIIG targets annual investments of c.KWD 20m. We think that future investments could be 50% debt- funded and 50% via cash (from OCF and disposal proceeds), to be supported by proceeds from fully provisioned assets up to KD 35m (10% of total assets, 15% of NAV). We think that AIIG can offer >5fils DPS in FY 21e+ (dividend formula is not formalized for AIIG), suggesting a DY range of 3.7%-4.5% in FY 21-22e.

**We initiate with a BUY rating and KWd 194 TP:** we value ALIMTIAZ KK on a SotP basis using a DCF approach for operating assets (pharma, F&B, education, construction), FV for RE assets and Humansoft, carrying value for financial investments and listed securities, and BV of other associates. We arrive at an EV of KWD 294m, implying a 1.3x EV/NAV. We assume a parent OpEx of KWD 45m in our TP (at 15% of EV), implied from annual parent OpEx of KWD 3.4m at a perpetual discount yield of 7.5%. We also assume a conglomerate discount of 15% due to business diversification and limitations to full control. We arrive at an equity value of KWD 201m, implying a TP of KWd 194/share, and 46% upside at an implied P/B of 1.08x.

### Real Estate / KUWAIT

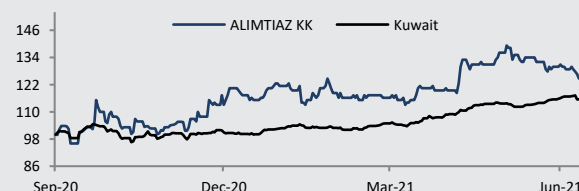
Bloomberg code	ALIMTIAZ KK
Market index	Kuwait
Target Price	194
Upside (%)	46.1

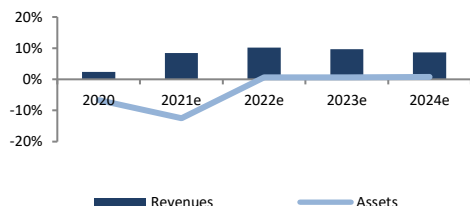
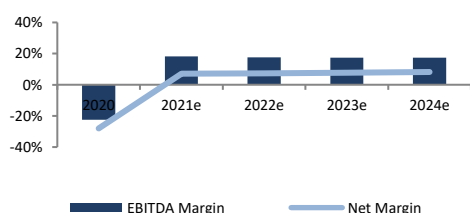
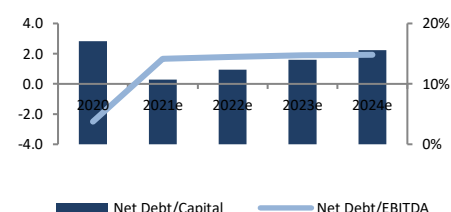
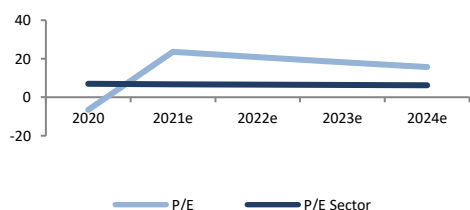
### Market data 26/09/2021

Last closing price	133.0
52 Week range	90.0-134.0
Market cap (KWD m)	138
Market cap (USD m)	458
Average Daily Traded Value (KWD m)	624.0
Average Daily Traded Value (USD m)	2,073.7
Free float (%)	59%

Year-end (local m)	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e
Revenues	74.9	81.2	89.4	98.1
EBITDA	(16.9)	14.8	15.8	17.1
EPS	-	-	-	-
P/E (current price)	(6.5)	23.6	20.8	18.2
Net debt	42.2	24.5	28.3	32.2
BVPS	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
P/B (current price)	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7
EV/EBITDA (current price)	(10.7)	12.2	11.4	10.5
Div. yield (%)	-	3.7	4.5	5.2
FCF margin (%)	(15.1)	18.6	5.0	5.6
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	(2.5)	1.7	1.8	1.9
Net debt/Capital (%)	17.1	10.7	12.3	14.0
Interest cover (x)	(7.7)	4.2	4.7	5.2
RoAA (%)	(5.8)	1.8	2.1	2.4
RoAE (%)	(10.6)	3.2	3.6	4.1
RoIC (%)	(8.5)	2.5	2.9	3.3

### Price Performance



**Abacus**
*Arqaam Securities Fundamental Data*
**Profitability**

**Growth**

**Gearing**

**Valuation**

**ALIMTIAZ INVESTMENT GROUP**

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Financial summary</b>						
Reported EPS	0.02	(0.02)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Diluted EPS	0.02	(0.02)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
DPS	0.01	-	-	0.01	0.01	0.01
BVPS	0.20	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17
Weighted average shares	1,037.4	1,037.4	1,037.4	1,037.4	1,037.4	1,037.4
Average market cap	137.36	137.36	137.36	137.36	137.36	137.36

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Valuation metrics</b>						
P/E (x) (current price)	7.0	(6.5)	23.6	20.8	18.2	15.7
P/E (x) (target price)	9.8	(9.2)	33.1	29.3	25.5	22.1
P/BV (x) (target price)	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0
EV/EBITDA (x)	5.7	(10.7)	12.2	11.4	10.5	9.7
EV/FCF (x)	(14.0)	(16.0)	11.9	40.0	32.7	26.6
EV/Invested capital (x)	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Dividend yield (%)	5.9	-	3.7	4.5	5.2	6.0

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Growth (%)</b>						
Revenues	132.4	2.4	8.4	10.1	9.7	8.6
EBITDA	9.3	(153.1)	(187.3)	7.1	8.1	8.9
EBIT	2.1	(181.3)	(141.4)	10.1	11.5	12.5
Net income	(1.5)	(206.5)	(127.7)	13.2	14.6	15.4

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Margins (%)</b>						
EBITDA	43.5	(22.6)	18.2	17.7	17.4	17.5
EBIT	37.5	(29.8)	11.4	11.4	11.6	12.0
Net	27.0	(28.0)	7.2	7.4	7.7	8.2

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Returns (%)</b>						
RoAA	5.3	(5.8)	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8
RoAE	9.3	(10.6)	3.2	3.6	4.1	4.8
RoIC	7.2	(8.5)	2.5	2.9	3.3	3.8
FCF margin	(17.6)	(15.1)	18.6	5.0	5.6	6.3

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Gearing (%)</b>						
Net debt/Capital	11.1	17.1	10.7	12.3	14.0	15.6
Net debt/Equity	14.1	23.2	13.4	15.5	17.6	19.5
Interest cover (x)	6.9	(7.7)	4.2	4.7	5.2	5.8
Net debt/EBITDA (x)	1.0	(2.5)	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9

**Abacus**
*Arqaam Securities Fundamental Data*

## Company Profile

**Al Intiaz Investment Group (AIIG)** is a leading Kuwaiti Sharia'a compliant investment group established in 2005 and was listed on Bourse Kuwait in 2011. The company runs a diversified portfolio of assets that span across different markets globally with a focus on the GCC and wider MENA region. Core assets represent 86% of AIIG's portfolio NAV centered around six main business verticals.

## Shareholders and Board Members

### Shareholders

Barwa Real Estate Company	24.4%
Mr. Khalid Sultan ben Essa	6.4%
Other	69.3%

### Board of Directors

Mr. Khalid Sultan Ben Essa	Chairman
Mr. Abdullah Dekhel Jassar Al-Jassar	Vice Chairman
Mr. Ahmad Mohammad Boodai	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Abdulla Hamad Abdulla Al-Attayah	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Tareq Ibrahim Al-Mansour	Independent Director
Mr. Abdulrahman Mohammad Al-Khannah	Independent Director
Mr. Nawaf Hussain Marafi	Executive Director

### ALIMTIAZ INVESTMENT GROUP

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Income statement (KWD m)</b>						
Sales revenue	73.1	74.9	81.2	89.4	98.1	106.6
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>24.6</b>	<b>25.5</b>	<b>31.8</b>	<b>34.8</b>	<b>37.9</b>	<b>41.6</b>
SG&A	(25.0)	(24.1)	(21.0)	(25.1)	(27.1)	(29.3)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>31.8</b>	<b>(16.9)</b>	<b>14.8</b>	<b>15.8</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>18.6</b>
Depreciation & Amortisation	(4.3)	(5.4)	(5.5)	(5.6)	(5.7)	(5.9)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>27.5</b>	<b>(22.3)</b>	<b>9.2</b>	<b>10.2</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>12.8</b>
Net interest income(expense)	(4.0)	(2.9)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)
Associates/affiliates	2.5	(0.6)	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Exceptionals/extraordinaries	24.8	(20.2)	1.0	3.1	3.2	3.3
Other pre-tax income/(expense)	(0.6)	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.2)
<b>Profit before tax</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>(1.3)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Income tax expense	23.1	(25.9)	7.1	8.0	9.2	10.6
Minorities	2.7	(5.0)	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6
Other post-tax income/(expense)	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	(0.1)
<b>Net profit</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>(21.0)</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>8.7</b>
Arqaam adjustments (including dilution)	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Arqaam Net profit</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>(21.0)</b>	<b>5.8</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>8.7</b>

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Balance sheet (KWD m)</b>						
Cash and equivalents	29.0	23.3	22.3	18.5	14.6	11.0
Receivables	69.6	79.8	45.0	45.0	45.0	45.0
Tangible fixed assets	36.6	40.1	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1
Investment properties	56.7	45.8	45.8	45.8	45.8	45.8
Other assets including goodwill	185.8	163.7	165.4	171.2	177.0	183.1
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>377.6</b>	<b>352.6</b>	<b>308.6</b>	<b>310.5</b>	<b>312.5</b>	<b>314.9</b>
Payables	56.8	62.4	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0
Interest bearing debt	59.5	65.5	46.8	46.8	46.8	46.8
Other liabilities	8.3	11.3	11.5	11.8	12.1	12.3
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>124.5</b>	<b>139.1</b>	<b>93.3</b>	<b>93.6</b>	<b>93.9</b>	<b>94.2</b>
Shareholders equity	215.8	181.7	182.4	182.8	183.2	183.7
Minorities	37.3	31.7	32.8	34.0	35.4	37.0
<b>Total liabilities &amp; shareholders equity</b>	<b>377.6</b>	<b>352.6</b>	<b>308.6</b>	<b>310.5</b>	<b>312.5</b>	<b>314.9</b>

Year-end	2019	2020	2021e	2022e	2023e	2024e
<b>Cash flow (KWD m)</b>						
<b>Cashflow from operations</b>	<b>(6.9)</b>	<b>(1.5)</b>	<b>20.6</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>11.3</b>	<b>12.6</b>
Net capex	(6.0)	(9.8)	(5.5)	(5.6)	(5.7)	(5.9)
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>(12.8)</b>	<b>(11.3)</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>5.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>
Equity raised/(bought back)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid	(8.2)	-	(5.1)	(6.2)	(7.2)	(8.2)
Net inc/(dec) in borrowings	(0.4)	2.5	(1.9)	-	-	-
Other investing/financing cash flows	(4.7)	(3.4)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)	(2.2)
<b>Net cash flow</b>	<b>(18.3)</b>	<b>(5.8)</b>	<b>(0.9)</b>	<b>(3.8)</b>	<b>(3.9)</b>	<b>(3.6)</b>
Change in working capital	(16.5)	(12.7)	7.5	-	-	-

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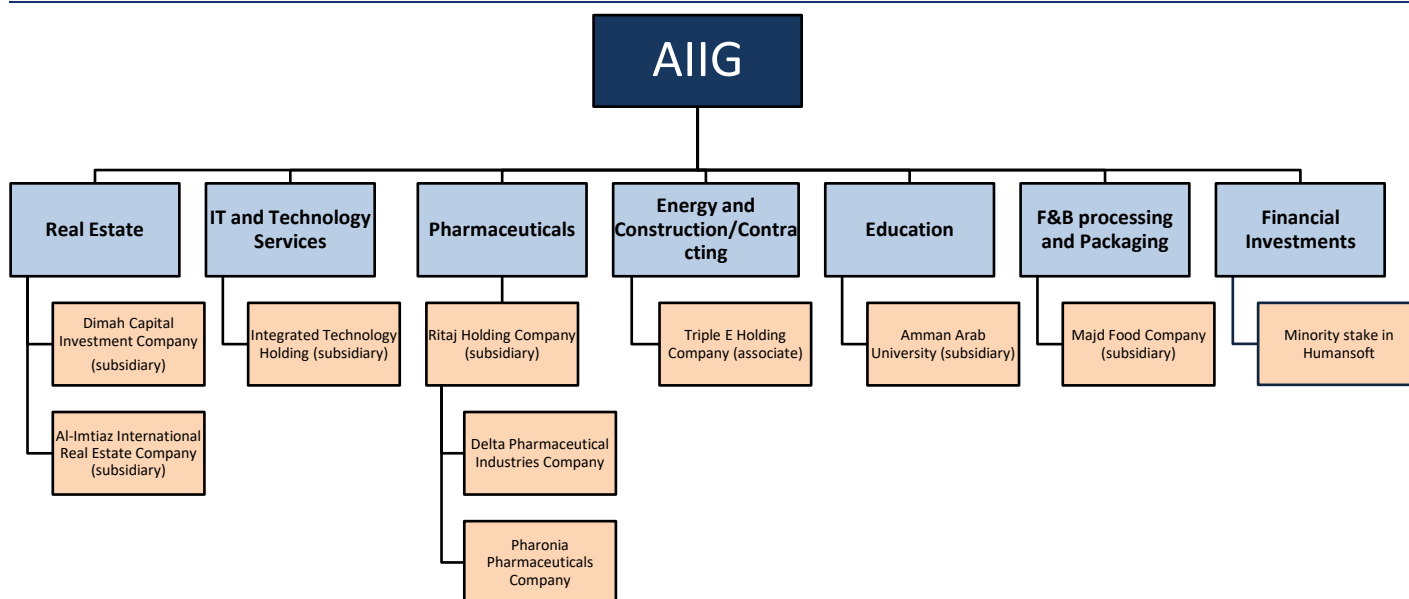
Arqaam Securities Brokerage

## Al Imtiaz Investment Group: NAV discount (30%) to unlock via investment exits at >50% ROI

- AIIG runs an asset portfolio across 6 main industries in MENA, from which it seeks investment returns via disposal yields (assets sales and/or listings), capital returns (for RE & FI), and inhouse expansions (capacity adds and market share gains for manufacturing & services units).
- We think that AIIG is trading at c.30% discount to its disposal value, suggesting 46% upside on our DCF-driven TP and 120% upside on our multiples-driven TP.
- We initiate coverage of ALIMTIAZ KK with a BUY rating and KWD 194 TP, trading at 0.7x P/B at a >50% discount to regional and global Investment peers.

**Al Imtiaz Investment Group (AIIG)** is a leading Kuwaiti Sharia'a compliant investment group established in 2005 and was listed on Bourse Kuwait in 2011. The company runs a diversified portfolio of assets that span across different markets globally with a focus on the GCC (64% of NAV in Kuwait, 19% UAE) and wider MENA region (10% Egypt). Core assets represent 86% of AIIG's portfolio NAV centered around six main business verticals including real estate (31% of NAV), IT and technology services (18%), pharmaceuticals (11%), energy and construction (7%), education (4%), and F&B processing and packaging (3%). The company also owns a portfolio of listed financial Investments (11% of NAV), in addition to a portfolio of minority stakes in associated companies (8% of NAV). Al Imtiaz typically provides strategic guidance to portfolio companies and assists management teams in implementing corporate strategies and achieving their financial objectives.

**Exhibit 1: Al Imtiaz Investment Group main portfolio constituents**

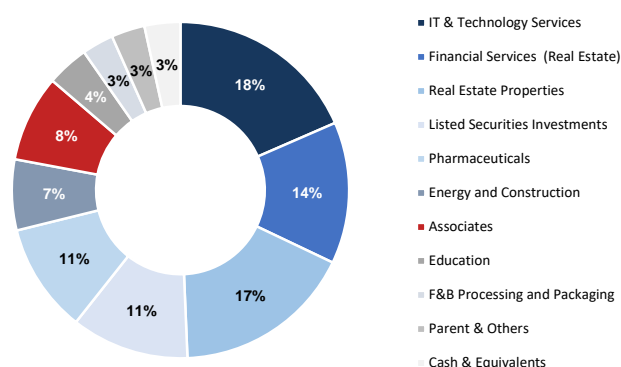


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

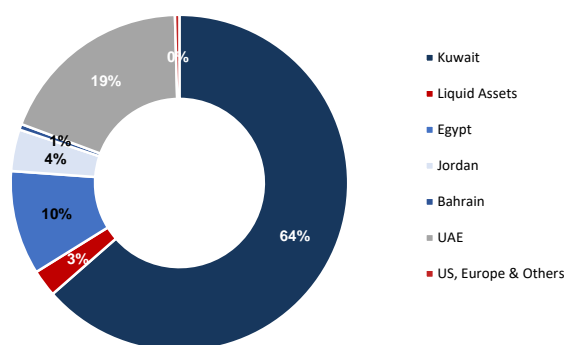
**AIIG seeks value through inhouse expansions, investment exits via asset disposals, and capital returns through IPO's.** The group targets organic growth in existing business units via market share gains (in F&B) and capacity adds (in pharma and education), and seeks expansions into new markets (KSA and Kuwait) via its Technology business (cloud and cyber security solutions). AIIG also targets annual investments of approx. KD 20m (in existing and new sectors) that will be funded by cash, debt, and exit proceeds (sale/listing of operating assets and disposal of fully provisioned investments). We expect gross profit from operating subsidiaries to grow by 31% in FY 21e and 15% in FY 22e, having heavily provisioned for its investments in FY 20A.

We initiate coverage of ALIMTIAZ KK with a BUY rating and KWd 194 TP, offering 46% upside in our base case scenario, trading at a c.30% discount to exit values.

**Exhibit 2: NAV by Industry (KD 235 m as of H1 21A)**



**Exhibit 3: NAV by Region**



Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research \*Portfolio NAV is calculated based on a mix of carrying value and book value for listed subsidiaries and fair value for real estate properties  
 \*\*Portfolio NAV is the value of AIIG's underlying assets excluding the Group debt \*\*\*Portfolio NAV excluded fully provisioned assets

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Real Estate (31% of NAV):** AIIG's interests in the real estate sector are mainly managed through its subsidiary Dimah Capital Investment Company with a 67.8% equity ownership. Dimah Capital is a fee-based AUM driven RE investment management company focusing on cash-generating international real estate assets, with AUM's worth over USD 1.3bn (largely off-balance sheet for AIIG). The portfolio consists of RE assets across the US, UK, and Europe, mainly within the hospitality, retail, and office sectors. Asset valuations were negatively impacted in FY 20A due to COVID-19 and weakness in global tourism, but we think that property values have stabilized in FY 21e, limiting the risk for further revaluation losses over the next 12 months. Dimah Capital comprises 14% of AIIG's portfolio NAV. Al Imtiaz also owns direct real estate assets (17% of NAV) mostly through its subsidiary Al-Imtiaz International Real Estate Company which owns Al-Dhow Tower (fully leased offices) in Kuwait.

**IT & Technology Services (18% of NAV):** Integrated Technology Holding (ITH) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Al Imtiaz providing IT, cloud computing, cyber security, and enterprise software solutions to both public and private sector companies in the GCC and MENA with over 1200 employees. Despite the challenging environment, ITH managed to improve its performance in FY 20A through cost reduction measures and a focus on high margin services, with ITH services to the telecom industry and licensed software providing a steady and stable source of returns and cash flows. ITH generates 87% of its revenues currently from the UAE (mostly via the

outsourcing of talent and the sale of licenses) and targets expansions in the GCC (KSA and Kuwait) through a capital-light organic growth (talent acquisition) and cloud & cyber security solutions. ITH accounts for 18% of AIIG's portfolio NAV.

**Pharmaceuticals (11% of NAV):** Al Imtiaz's investments in the pharmaceutical sector are managed through Al Ritaj Holding Company (RHC) which operates two subsidiaries (manufacturing facilities) in Egypt: Delta Pharmaceutical Industries Company and Pharonia Pharmaceuticals Company. Both companies delivered higher-than-average sector sales growth in FY 20A thanks to solid sales and a focus on high-profit products. RHC generates 68% of its revenues from the Egyptian private sector, 26% from the Egyptian tender sector, and 6% from exports. Sales growth ranged between 4-6% for RHC, while net income growth ranged between 27%-65% in FY 20A. RHC's subsidiaries are well positioned to maintain growth and expand their market share (1.4% in Egypt) on the back of ongoing investments in CAPEX strategically. As of FY 20A, Delta's new factory has reached 70% completion and will be ready by end of Q1 22e, while Pharonia Pharma has completed the de-bottlenecking of the current production lines along with reaching 45% completion of its new warehousing project. RHC accounts for 11% of AIIG's portfolio NAV.

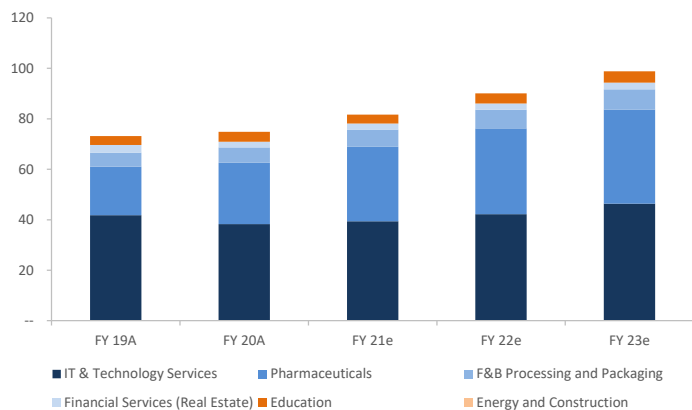
**Energy & Construction (7% of NAV):** AIIG's investment in the energy and construction sector is purely through a 46% stake in its associate Triple E Holding Company, following the divestiture of HOTECC (House of Trade Engineering and Construction Company) during Q1 2021. Triple E is a provider of support services for oil and gas drilling operations, specializing in supplementary services to oil well drilling contractors such as rig transportation, leasing heavy equipment, water and fuel supply and wastewater management. Triple E continues to build on its strategic relationship with Chinese drilling company SINOPEC, servicing 51 rigs for SINOPEC's drilling activities with Kuwait Oil Company (KOC) as of Q1 2021 (+5 rigs in the pipeline). It also has agency and trading businesses that have been qualified for the KOC projects, though the scale of business remains small at this stage. Triple E accounts for 7% of AIIG's portfolio NAV.

**Education (12% of NAV):** AIIG's exposure to the education sector has been primarily in tertiary education through its subsidiary Amman Arab University (4% of NAV) based in Jordan, with a blended 98.6% equity ownership. AAU managed to navigate the COVID-19 pandemic extremely well through the adoption of distant learning, allowing it to cover the entire capacity and exceeding 3000 students for the first time. The company sees more growth in the future following the approval of the Higher Education Accreditation and Quality Assurance Committee for AAU to raise the overall student capacity to about 7000 students (to be completed by 2022 YE). The education sector accounts for 4% of AIIG's portfolio NAV.

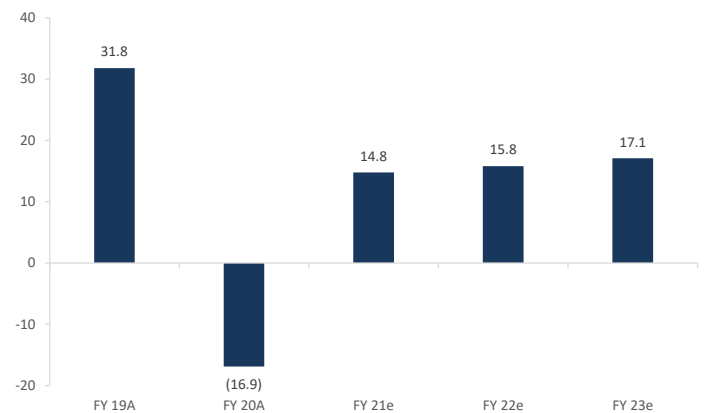
**F&B processing and Packaging (3% of NAV):** AIIG's investment in F&B is through Majd Food Company, with a 61% equity stake. The company specializes in food processing and packaging of a wide variety of high-quality spices, grains, and herbs, with key markets including Kuwait (52% of total revenues), Saudi Arabia (32%) and the GCC region. Majd Food holds a 20% market share in Kuwait and 9% market share in KSA. To counter the impact of COVID-19 measures, the company managed to enter into two co-sourcing agreements and expand its reach in Saudi Arabia through a new distributor. Majd Food Company accounts for 3% of AIIG's portfolio NAV.

**Financial Investments (11% of NAV):** AIIG manages a diversified portfolio of financial investments with allocations in the equity markets in the GCC and international market, primarily US, UK and EU. Internationally, the portfolio added allocations in H1 2021 in various sectors including Utilities, Renewables, Technology and Healthcare sectors. In the GCC, AIIG added allocations in H1 2021 in the Logistics and Real Estate sectors of Kuwait. During H1 2021, AIIG (i) invested CHF 5m in a MedTech company based in Switzerland and with operations in the US, (ii) received dividends of KD 2.3m from HumanSoft, and (iii) divested its 20% stake in H1 National Consumer Holding Company which resulted in a gain of KD 257k. AIIG continues to rebalance its Kuwait listed equities portfolio and monitor GCC markets for appropriate entry points. Liquidation of AIIG managed funds is in its last stages with final distribution ongoing to unit-holders.

**Corporate Development Activities:** AIIG continuously seeks to divest non-core/legacy assets as part of its portfolio rebalancing. The cash proceeds typically provide additional capital to fuel the expansion plans of AIIG. During Q1 AIIG completed the divestment of its subsidiary HOTECC for a value of KD 15.8m and realized gains of KD 2.4m. AIIG also invested USD 10m (~ KD 3m) in COFE District Limited Co. through a capital increase for a 25% share and appointed 2 Board members. COFE operates in the technology sector with a presence in Kuwait, KSA, UAE and the UK. It plans further expansion in the GCC and targets entry into Turkey during 2021 and Egypt during 2022.

**Exhibit 4: Revenue breakdown FY 19A-23e (KD m)**


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 5: EBITDA evolution FY 19A-23e (KD m)**


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Performance in FY 20A was significantly impacted by asset revaluation losses and elevated provisioning.** AIIG was adversely impacted by COVID-19 in FY 20A as revenues and EIBTDA dropped to KD 21.2m and KD -16.9m compared to KD 64.7m and KD 31.7m in FY 19A, respectively. The Group incurred a net loss of approximately KD 21m in FY 20A compared to a profit of KD 20m in FY 19A, mainly on the back of KD 20.8m in asset revaluation losses (from Dimah Capital on lower capital values for international assets) and KD 10.5m in provisions. But Al Imtiaz still managed to alleviate some of the pressure through cost rationalization and liquidity management by postponing its debt obligation of 2020 to 2021.



**We expect gross profit from operating subsidiaries to grow by 31% in FY 21e and +15% in FY 22e**, driven by ongoing cost rationalization and growth in revenues for ITH, lower asset revaluation losses for Dimah on stabilized capital values, and continued growth in pharma (market share gains) and construction (accelerated execution). We expect earnings to revert to profits in FY 21e and to maintain solid growth in FY 22-23e on lower asset provisioning, improved margins, and higher revenues. We expect RoE to gradually grow back to 5% in FY 24e on earnings growth, excluding M&A proceeds or disposal gains that could be achieved over the next 3 years.

**Exhibit 6: AIIG's proforma P&L projections**

KWD m	FY 19A	FY 20A	FY 21e	FY 22e	FY 23e
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>73.13</b>	<b>74.87</b>	<b>86.25</b>	<b>98.69</b>	<b>111.72</b>
IT & Technology Services	41.84	38.27	44.01	50.62	57.20
Financial Services (Real Estate)	3.09	2.27	2.39	2.51	2.63
Energy and Construction	--	--	--	--	--
Pharmaceuticals	19.25	24.31	29.47	33.99	39.15
F&B Processing and Packaging	5.47	6.08	6.85	7.54	8.20
Education	3.49	3.93	3.52	4.04	4.54
<b>COGS</b>	<b>(48.52)</b>	<b>(49.37)</b>	<b>(52.95)</b>	<b>(60.43)</b>	<b>(67.57)</b>
IT & Technology Services	(33.94)	(33.30)	(35.21)	(39.48)	(42.90)
Financial Services (Real Estate)	--	--	--	--	--
Energy and Construction	--	--	--	--	--
Pharmaceuticals	(11.00)	(11.86)	(15.03)	(18.02)	(21.53)
F&B Processing and Packaging	(2.78)	(3.27)	(3.77)	(4.15)	(4.51)
Education	(0.81)	(0.93)	1.06	1.22	1.38
<b>Gross profit from subsidiaries</b>	<b>24.61</b>	<b>25.51</b>	<b>33.30</b>	<b>38.27</b>	<b>44.16</b>
Associates income	2.53	(0.64)	3.00	3.00	3.00
Rental income	2.69	2.68	2.73	2.78	2.84
Impairments and FV losses	(3.44)	(9.44)	(4.07)	(3.49)	(3.58)
Other income	25.26	(14.31)	(1.15)	2.90	3.05
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>27.46</b>	<b>(22.31)</b>	<b>9.24</b>	<b>10.17</b>	<b>11.34</b>
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>31.80</b>	<b>(16.90)</b>	<b>14.76</b>	<b>15.80</b>	<b>17.09</b>
<b>Net profit to parent</b>	<b>19.72</b>	<b>(21.00)</b>	<b>5.82</b>	<b>6.59</b>	<b>7.56</b>

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Leverage is well contained at 15% LTV and 24% D/E**, suggesting room for growth via new debt capital as AIIG targets an annual investment run-rate of KWD 20m. We think that future investments could be 50% funded through debt and 50% through cash (from OCF and disposal proceeds), to be supported by proceeds from fully provisioned assets up to KD 35m (10% of total assets, 15% of NAV). We think that AIIG can offer >5fils DPS in FY 21e+ (though the dividend formula is not formalized for AIIG), suggesting a DY range of 3.7%-4.5% in FY 21-22e.

**Exhibit 7: Capital structure**

	FY 18A	FY 19A	FY 20A	FY 21e	FY 22e
LTV	15.5%	15.7%	18.6%	15.2%	14.9%
D/E	23.6%	23.5%	30.7%	24.1%	23.4%
Net debt/EBITDA	0.40	1.02	(2.63)	2.40	1.85

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research



## Valuation: we initiate coverage of ALIMTIAZ KK with a BUY rating and KWD 194 TP

- We value AIIG at a base-case TP of KWD 194/share at 1.3x NAV, implying 46% upside. Our valuation could increase to KWD 293/share on a multiples-driven TP at 1.83x NAV, suggesting 120% upside on blue-skies scenario.
- AIIG currently trades at a >50% discount to regional and global Investment peers, at 0.7x P/B, suggesting +35% upside to 1x BV and 46% upside on our TP.
- We initiate coverage of ALIMTIAZ KK with a BUY rating and KWD 194 TP.

**We initiate with BUY and KWD 194 TP:** we value ALIMTIAZ KK on a SotP basis using a DCF approach for operating assets (pharma, F&B, education, construction), FV for RE assets and Humansoft, carrying value for financial investments and listed securities, and BV of other associates. We arrive at an EV of KWD 294m, implying a 1.3x EV/NAV, equivalent to a 30% NAV discount. We assume a parent OpEx of KWD 45m in our TP (at 15% of EV), implied from annual parent OpEx of KWD 3.4m at a perpetual discount yield of 7.5%. We also assume a conglomerate discount of 15% due to business diversification and limitations to full control. We arrive at an equity value of KWD 201m, implying a TP of KWD 194/share and 46% upside.

### Exhibit 8: ALIMTIAZ KK SotP: we see 46% upside in our base-case TP

SotP valuation	KWD m	KWD/share	Methodology
Dimah Capital	32.0	31	At BV
Integrated Technology	45.9	44	At FV
Ritaj Holding	53.1	51	At FV
Amman University	13.8	13	At FV
Majd Food	12.3	12	At FV
Real estate assets	40.5	39	At carrying value
Triple E	29.0	28	At FV
COFE	6.0	6	At 2x BV
Humansoft	23.6	23	At FV
Other associates	17.5	17	At BV
Other financial investments	5.7	6	At BV
Fully provisioned assets	7.0	7	
Other Parent assets	7.6	7	At BV
<b>EV</b>	<b>294.1</b>	<b>283</b>	
Add: cash	8.1	8	
Less: Debt	(19.9)	(19)	
Less: Holding OpEx	(45.3)	(44)	
<b>Implied NAV</b>	<b>236.9</b>	<b>228</b>	
Holding discount %	15%	15%	
<b>Equity value</b>	<b>201.4</b>	<b>194</b>	
Upside %		46%	

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**SotP assumptions: we arrive at KWd 194 TP using a DCF-driven approach as our base-case TP (46% upside) and KWd 293 TP using a multiples approach (120% upside)**

- **ITH (16% of EV):** we adopt a 5-yr DCF approach assuming an EBITDA margin of 5%, CapEx at 1% of revenues, WACC of 7.3%, and TGR of 3%. We arrive at a DCF-driven EV of KD 46m, at 1.06x NAV in our base-case TP, comprising 16% of the total EV. On a multiples-driven EV, we arrive at KD 57m (1.6x NAV) assuming industry multiples of 18x EV/EBITDA and 43x P/E.
- **Energy & Construction (10% of EV):** we adopt a 10-yr DCF approach on TripleE assuming an EBITDA margin of 70%, working capital needs at 10% of revenues, CapEx at 10% of revenues, LT WACC of 8.6% and TGR of 3%. We arrive at a DCF-driven EV of KD 29m, at 1.8x NAV in our base-case TP, comprising 10% of total the EV. On a multiples-driven EV, we arrive at KD 34m (2.1x NAV) assuming industry multiples of 10x EV/EBITDA and 19x P/E.
- **Pharmaceuticals (18% of EV):** we adopt a 10-yr DCF approach on RHC assuming an EBITDA margin of 38%, working capital needs at 5% of revenues, CapEx at 5% of revenues, 22.5% corporate tax rate in Egypt, WACC of 17.5% and TGR of 7%. We arrive at a DCF-driven EV of KD 53m, at 2.15x NAV in our base-case TP, comprising 18% of total EV. On a multiples-driven EV, we arrive at KD 123m (5x NAV) assuming industry multiples of 10x EV/EBITDA and 15x P/E.
- **Financial Services (11% of EV):** we value Dimah Capital at 1.0x NAV at KD 32m.
- **Real estate properties (14% of EV):** we value these assets (including Al-Dhow Tower) at 3<sup>rd</sup>-party FV of KD 40.5m at 1.0x NAV.
- **Education (5% of EV):** we adopt a 10-yr DCF approach on Amman Arab University assuming 2x capacity add by FY 30e, EBITDA margin of 30%, CapEx at 5% of revenues, WACC of 13.2% and TGR of 6%. We arrive at a DCF-driven EV of KD 14m, at 1.5x NAV in our base-case TP, comprising 5% of total EV. On a multiples-driven EV, we arrive at KD 26m (2.7x NAV) assuming a peers P/E of 21x.
- **F&B (4% of EV):** we adopt a 10-yr DCF approach on Majd Food assuming EBITDA margin of 25%, CapEx at 5% of revenues, WACC of 9.2% and TGR of 3%. We arrive at a DCF-driven EV of KD 12m, at 1.7x NAV in our base-case TP, comprising 4% of total EV. On a multiples-driven EV, we arrive at KD 24m (3.3x NAV) assuming industry multiples of 11x EV/EBITDA and 20x P/E.
- **Investments in listed securities (10% of EV):** we value Humansoft at KWD 4.25/share in our TP and other financial investments at carrying value (FV).
- **Parent & others (5% of EV):** includes the salvage value of fully provisioned assets assumed at a disposal NAV of 0.2x.

**Exhibit 9: TP sensitivity to different valuation methods (base-case scenario highlighted in blue)**

SotP valuation	NAV	DCF	Multiples	50:50 DCF:multiples	DCF value/NAV	Multiples value/NAV	Sector P/B
IT & technology services	43.3	45.9	68.5	57.2	1.06	1.58	1.80
Financial Services (Real Estate)	32.0	32.0	32.0	32.0	1.00	1.00	1.00
AIIG Real Estate Properties	40.5	40.5	40.5	40.5	1.00	1.00	1.00
Listed securities investments	26.5	29.3	29.3	29.3	1.10	1.10	NA
Energy and construction	16.0	29.0	33.9	31.4	1.81	2.12	1.30
Pharmaceuticals	24.7	53.1	122.9	88.0	2.15	4.98	2.00
Associates	19.6	23.6	23.6	23.6	1.20	1.20	NA
Education	9.5	13.8	25.6	19.7	1.46	2.69	3.00
F&B Processing and packaging	7.1	12.3	23.7	18.0	1.72	3.33	3.00
Parent and others	7.5	14.6	14.6	14.6	1.93	1.93	NA
<b>Total EV</b>	<b>226.7</b>	<b>294.1</b>	<b>414.6</b>	<b>354.3</b>	<b>1.30</b>	<b>1.83</b>	
Add: cash & equivalents	8.1	8.1	8.1	8.1			
Less: parent debt	(20)	(20)	(20)	(20)			
Less: parent OpEx	(45)	(45)	(45)	(45)			
<b>Implied NAV</b>	<b>170</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>357</b>	<b>297</b>			
Holding discount %	15%	15%	15%	15%			
<b>Equity value</b>	<b>144</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>253</b>			
NOSH	1.04	1.04	1.04	1.04			
<b>TP</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>194</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>243</b>			
CMP	133	133	133	133			
BVPS	179	179	179	179			
Upside to CMP %	4%	46%	120%	83%			
Upside to BVPS %	(22%)	8%	64%	36%			

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Our base-case valuation could increase by 51% on a blue-skies scenario** assuming a multiples-driven approach, based on sector multiples for regional peers. Our Implied P/NAV increases from 1.3x (base-case) to 1.83x on our multiples-driven TP, suggesting 120% upside at KWd 293 TP.

**Exhibit 10: Investment Groups peer analysis: ALIMTIAZ KK trades at a 51% discount to regional peers P/B and 58% discount to global peers P/B**

Country	Ticker	MKT CAP (USD m)	ADTV (USD m)	P/B	ROE (%)	ROA (%)
Kuwait	ALIMTIAZ KK Equity	453	1.9	0.71	3.9	2.5
Kuwait	KPROJ KK equity	1,014	0.8	1.37	-3.4	0.0
Kuwait	EKHOLDIN KK Equity	1,442	0.1	2.59	17.4	7.8
Kuwait	KPPC KK Equity	114	1.6	0.44	2.2	1.4
Kuwait	NIH KK Equity	78	0.5	0.65	-6.0	-4.6
Kuwait	ALSALAM KK Equity	23	0.3	0.30	-27.0	-22.4
UAE	REEM UH Equity	572	0.3	0.34	15.3	14.3
UAE	WAHA UH Equity	974	1.0	1.06	17.5	5.5
UAE	DIC UH equity	2,107	1.6	0.66	3.8	2.0
UAE	IHC UH Equity	72,460	105.9	16.68	45.6	13.6
UAE	ANAN UH Equity	1,851	1.3	5.20	-12.7	-3.4
KSA	DERAYHR AB Equity	382	1.2	1.54	3.7	2.1
KSA	BATIC AB Equity	371	10.6	3.89	-0.7	-0.3
KSA	GACO AB Equity	249	15.2	3.23	-2.1	-1.4
KSA	TAIBA AB Equity	1,427	3.8	1.32	-1.2	-1.1
QATAR	AHCS QD equity	1,703	1.5	0.81	3.0	2.6
QATAR	IGRD QD Equity	310	9.6	1.33	2.5	1.5
OMAN	DIDI OM Equity	179	0.0	0.66	1.7	0.7
OMAN	OEIO OM Equity	24	0.0	0.45	6.9	2.6
OMAN	SIHC OM Equity	23	0.1	0.58	3.0	2.4
EGYPT	BINV EY Equity	138	0.3	1.18		
EGYPT	RAYA EY Equity	332	0.3	0.49	19.3	1.6
TURKEY	GLYHO TI Equity	170	8.8	1.00	-50.6	-5.2
UNITED STATES	TPVG US Equity	465	2.3	1.15	10.6	6.1
UNITED STATES	GTYH US Equity	409	1.0	1.41	-14.6	-10.3
GERMANY	PBY GY Equity	327	0.1	0.48	2.1	1.9
TAIWAN	HIH SP Equity	216	0.1	0.62	12.7	11.8
BELGIUM	TINC BB Equity	565	0.3	1.07	4.6	4.6
BELGIUM	COMB BB Equity	737	0.2	1.25	2.9	1.8
HONG KONG	1140 HK Equity	371	0.1	0.53	8.6	7.3
HONG KONG	612 HK Equity	667	0.9	4.82	35.5	27.7
SINGAPORE	GKG SP Equity	269	0.1	0.85	2.7	1.6
SINGAPORE	SIHL LN Equity	165	0.0	0.52	28.2	27.8
SOUTH AFRICA	RMI SJ Equity	3,302	322.1	1.77	5.9	3.0

Source: Arqaam Capital Research

## ALIMTIAZ KK index analysis: 0.005% weight in MSCI EM Small Cap Index and 0.0031% weight in FTSE EM All Cap Index

### ALIMTIAZ member of MSCI EM Small Cap Index with weight of 0.005%

ALIMTIAZ is currently a member of the MSCI EM Small Cap Index having a total weight of 0.005% of MSCI EM IMI and 0.5% of Kuwait IMI Index. It has a FMC of USD471mn and FFMC of USD306mn (at an FIF of 65% assigned by MSCI). At such levels, the company only passes small cap cut-offs and is far away from making it to the standard index as the standard index cut-offs stand at an FMC of USD3.06bn and FFMC of USD1.52bn. We therefore expect the stock to remain a member of the small cap index in the coming reviews.

**Exhibit 11: MSCI EM Small Cap Index (Kuwait constituents)**

Ticker	Company Name	Index	FMC	FIF	FFMC	Weight in Kuwait Index	Weight in EM Index
KFH KK Equity	KUWAIT FINANCE HOUSE	Standard	23,020	0.55	12,661	22.5%	0.225%
NBK KK Equity	NATIONAL BANK OF KUWAIT	Standard	22,389	0.95	21,270	37.8%	0.378%
ZAIN KK Equity	MOBILE TELECOM CO	Standard	8,620	0.50	4,310	7.7%	0.077%
BOUBYAN KK Equity	BOUBYAN BANK	Standard	8,259	0.35	2,890	5.1%	0.051%
AGLTY KK Equity	AGILITY	Standard	7,335	0.55	4,034	7.2%	0.072%
MABANEE KK Equity	MABANEE CO SAKC	Standard	3,039	0.50	1,519	2.7%	0.027%
GBK KK Equity	GULF BANK	Small	2,413	0.55	1,327	2.4%	0.024%
BURG KK Equity	BURGAN BANK	Small	2,117	0.30	635	1.1%	0.011%
BPCC KK Equity	BOUBYAN PETROCHEMICALS	Small	1,554	0.70	1,088	1.9%	0.019%
HUMANSFT KK Equity	HUMAN SOFT HOLDING	Small	1,382	0.75	1,037	1.8%	0.018%
ALQURAIN KK Equity	AL-QURAIN PETROCHEMICALS	Small	1,367	0.55	752	1.3%	0.013%
WARBABAN KK Equity	WARBA BANK	Small	1,346	0.50	673	1.2%	0.012%
BOURSA KK Equity	BOURSA KUWAIT SEC CO	Small	1,201	0.50	600	1.1%	0.011%
NIND KK Equity	NATIONAL IND GRP HOLDING	Small	1,167	0.75	875	1.6%	0.016%
NRE KK Equity	NATIONAL REAL ESTATE CO	Small	1,148	0.50	574	1.0%	0.010%
KPROJ KK Equity	KUWAIT PROJECTS CO HLDGS	Small	1,024	0.35	358	0.6%	0.006%
AZNOULA KK Equity	SHAMAL AZ-ZOUR AL-OUA	Small	867	0.50	433	0.8%	0.008%
KIB KK Equity	KUWAIT INTERNATIONAL BK	Small	844	0.50	422	0.7%	0.007%
MEZZAN KK Equity	MEZZAN HOLDING	Small	628	0.45	283	0.5%	0.005%
CABLE KK Equity	GULF CABLE & ELECT IND	Small	570	0.50	285	0.5%	0.005%
ALIMTIAZ KK Equity	ALIMTIAZ INVESTMENT CO	Small	471	0.65	306	0.5%	0.005%
<b>Total</b>					<b>56,333</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>

Source: Arqaam Capital Research

**ALIMTIAZ member of FTSE EM All Cap Index with weight of 0.0031%**

ALIMTIAZ is currently a member of the FTSE EM All Cap Index having a total weight of 0.0031% of FTSE EM All Cap Index. It has a FMC of USD471mn and FFMC of USD320mn (at an FIF of 68% assigned by FTSE higher than MSCI).

**Exhibit 12: FTSE EM All Cap Index (Kuwait constituents)**

Ticker	Company Name	Country	New FIF	Weight
AGLTY KK	Agility Public Warehousing Co KSC	KWT	58.30%	0.04358%
AUB KK	Ahli United Bank B.S.C.	KWT	63.29%	0.06144%
ALQURAIN KK	Al Qurain Petrochemical Industries Co. K.S.C.	KWT	58.17%	0.00800%
ALIMTIAZ KK	Alimtiaz Investment Co KSCC	KWT	67.87%	0.00309%
BOUBYAN KK	Boubyan Bank KSC	KWT	30.37%	0.02693%
BOUBYAN KK	Boubyan Petrochemicals Co	KWT	74.55%	0.01151%
BURG KK	Burgan Bank	KWT	26.53%	0.00595%
GBK KK	Gulf Bank	KWT	56.24%	0.01436%
HUMANSOFT KK	HumanSoft Holding Company	KWT	79.85%	0.01169%
INTEGRATED KK	Integrated Holding Co	KWT	67.73%	0.00225%
KFH KK	Kuwait Finance House	KWT	52.45%	0.12794%
KIB KK	Kuwait International Bank	KWT	56.09%	0.00459%
KINV KK	Kuwait Investment Projects Co Holdings	KWT	35.57%	0.00349%
MABANEE KK	Mabanee Co. S.A.K.C.	KWT	48.02%	0.01554%
ZAIN KK	Mobile Telecommunications Co KSC	KWT	48.83%	0.04540%
NBK KK	National Bank of Kuwait	KWT	94.40%	0.22531%
NIND KK	National Industries Group Holding	KWT	74.42%	0.00889%
WARB KK	Warba Bank	KWT	57.05%	0.00848%
				<b>0.6284%</b>

Source: Arqaam Capital Research

## H1 21A review: Solid EPS recovery on improved subsidiaries performance and lower asset revaluation losses

- Net profit reached KWD 3.6m in H1 21A compared to a KWD 14m net loss last year, mainly on the back of higher gross profit from subsidiaries, lower revaluation losses on real estate properties, positive investment income, and lower impairment losses.
- Operating expenses slightly increased by 2.7% y/y in H1 21A, with higher marketing expenses in the pharmaceuticals sectors partly offset by stringent cost rationalization in the IT & Technology segment. EBITDA jumped to KWD 6.5m as a result, reverting from deep losses last year.
- NAV dropped 6.8% y/y to KWD 235m mainly on the settlement of payables to a related party, as well as provisions and impairments. Leverage remains well contained at only 23% D/E, following the divestiture of HOTECC (a subsidiary in Energy and Construction segment), although likely to expand in the coming quarters.

**Solid recovery in operating profit from subsidiaries filters through to EPS:** Parent net profit jumped to KWD 3.62m (compared to a net loss of KWD 14.0m in H1 20A), driven by EBITDA of KWD 6.5m vs. an EBITDA loss of KWD 13.8m in H1 20A. Bottom line growth was supported by i) higher gross profit from subsidiaries, up by +8.5% y/y, ii) investment gains (KWD 2.5m in H1 21A vs. losses of KWD 7.6m in H1 20A) and (iii) lower fair value losses on investment properties (KWD 0.05m in H1 21A vs. KWD 6.6m in H1 20A). The sale of a subsidiary (HOTECC) for KWD 15.8m further added KWD 2.4m in P&L gains in H1 21A. Annualised H1 RoE and RoA arrived at 3.9% and 2.5%, respectively.

**Performance was driven mainly by the Real Estate, Energy & Construction, and IT & Technology sector.** EBITDA from financial services (RE) remained subdued at a loss of KWD 1.2m in H1 21A, but improving from a KWD 11.7m loss in H1 20A. Energy & Construction growth was driven by the complete divestiture of HOTECC to an associate which brought in an additional KD 2.4m. The IT and Technology Services segment achieved a solid recovery, with EBITDA reaching KWD 0.5m compared to a loss of KWD 2.2m in H1 20A, thanks to cost rationalization reducing operating expenses by 61.7% y/y. Favorable financial market conditions were reflected as well by an improved performance in the listed securities portfolio, with the corresponding EBITDA recovering to KWD 2.2m from KWD 1.6m in H1 20A. On the other hand, the pharmaceutical sector's EBITDA dropped by 34% y/y in H1 21A due to a one-off timing difference of an expense related to the holding of the subsidiaries GA as per Egyptian Labor Law, recorded in April back in FY 20A.

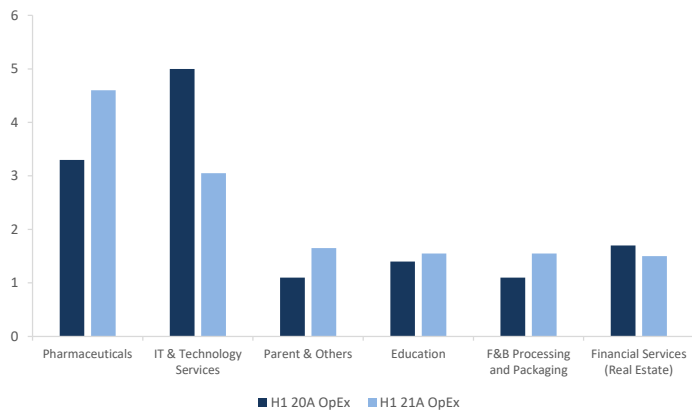
**NAV dropped but remains well diversified.** NAV declined by 6.8% y/y in H1 21A mainly on the back of settlements of related party payables, provisions on the real estate and education segments, and the impairment of other investments. The portfolio remains highly balanced, with the largest contribution to NAV coming from the IT & Technology, RE properties and Financial Services (RE) of 18%, 17% and 14%, respectively. Leverage (debt/ equity) dropped from 32% in FY 20A to 23% in H1 21A mainly due to the sale of HOTECC, but we expect it to gradually increase as the group targets new expansions and acquisitions.



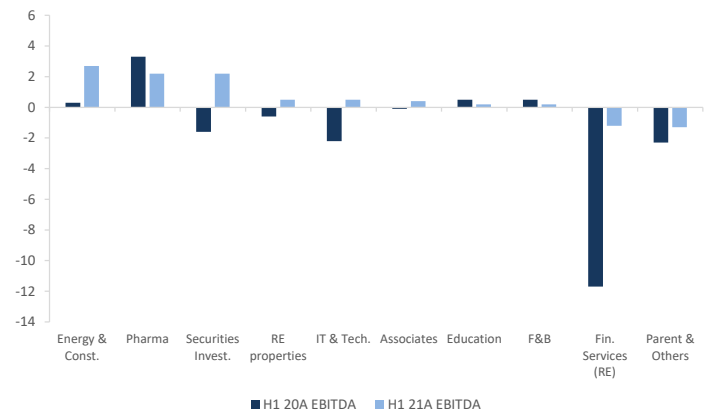
**Exhibit 13: Al Imtiaz Group H1 21A review**

KWDm	Q2 21A	Q1 21A	q/q 21	Q2 20A	Q1 20A	q/q 20	y/y Q2	y/y Q1	H1 21	H1 20	y/y H1
Revenues of operating activities from subsidiaries	19	19	(1.2%)	21	20	6.8%	(10.5%)	(3.3%)	38	41	(7.0%)
Expenses of operating activities from subsidiaries	-13	-11	19.0%	-14	-13	3.7%	(9.0%)	(20.6%)	-23	-27	(14.7%)
<b>Net operating income from subsidiaries</b>	<b>6.19</b>	<b>8.41</b>	<b>(26.4%)</b>	<b>7.15</b>	<b>6.30</b>	<b>13.5%</b>	<b>(13.5%)</b>	<b>33.4%</b>	<b>14.59</b>	<b>13.46</b>	<b>8.5%</b>
Associates income	0.22	0.09	142.0%	0.15	-0.05	nm	48.2%	(263.8%)	0.31	0.09	234.4%
Net investment income (loss)	2.58	-0.09	nm	3.09	-10.70	nm	(16.6%)	(99.1%)	2.48	-7.61	nm
Changes in FV of IP	0.00	-0.05	nm	0.00	-6.64	nm	nm	(99.3%)	-0.05	-6.64	(99.3%)
Rental income	0.63	0.64	(2.2%)	0.70	0.69	1.9%	(9.9%)	(6.2%)	1.27	1.39	(8.1%)
Impairment loss and other net provisions	-0.29	-0.97	(70.0%)	-1.38	-0.85	62.9%	(79.1%)	13.8%	-1.26	-2.23	(43.7%)
Other operating income	0.26	0.00	nm	0.00	0.00	nm	nm	nm	0.26	0.00	nm
<b>Profit from Operating Activities</b>	<b>9.58</b>	<b>8.03</b>	<b>19.2%</b>	<b>9.71</b>	<b>-11.26</b>	<b>nm</b>	<b>(1.3%)</b>	<b>nm</b>	<b>17.61</b>	<b>-1.55</b>	<b>nm</b>
S,G&A	-6.22	-7.26	(14.3%)	-5.17	-7.95	(35.0%)	20.3%	(8.7%)	-13.49	-13.12	2.8%
Other expenses	-0.09	-0.36	(74.5%)	-0.18	-0.28	(35.5%)	(48.4%)	30.5%	-0.46	-0.46	(0.4%)
<b>Net Profit (Loss) from Operating Activities</b>	<b>3.26</b>	<b>0.41</b>	<b>700.8%</b>	<b>4.35</b>	<b>-19.49</b>	<b>(122.3%)</b>	<b>(25.0%)</b>	<b>(102.1%)</b>	<b>3.67</b>	<b>-15.13</b>	<b>nm</b>
Depreciation and amortization	-0.43	-0.40	8.7%	-0.43	-0.68	(37.2%)	1.9%	(41.1%)	-0.83	-1.11	(24.5%)
Finance charges	-0.64	-0.95	(33.2%)	-1.01	-0.93	9.0%	(36.9%)	3.0%	-1.59	-1.93	(17.8%)
Other Income	0.22	0.22	0.5%	0.70	0.61	15.1%	(68.0%)	(63.3%)	0.45	1.31	(65.8%)
<b>Profit (loss) from continued operations</b>	<b>2.42</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>nm</b>	<b>3.62</b>	<b>-20.49</b>	<b>(117.7%)</b>	<b>(33.2%)</b>	<b>(96.5%)</b>	<b>1.69</b>	<b>-16.87</b>	<b>nm</b>
<b>Profit (Loss) before NLST</b>	<b>2.42</b>	<b>1.65</b>	<b>46.3%</b>	<b>3.56</b>	<b>-20.38</b>	<b>(117.5%)</b>	<b>(32.2%)</b>	<b>(108.1%)</b>	<b>4.07</b>	<b>-16.82</b>	<b>nm</b>
NLST	-0.13	-0.02	638.9%	0.00	0.00	nm	nm	nm	-0.15	0.00	nm
<b>Group Net Income</b>	<b>2.28</b>	<b>1.63</b>	<b>39.8%</b>	<b>3.56</b>	<b>-20.38</b>	<b>(117.5%)</b>	<b>(35.9%)</b>	<b>(108.0%)</b>	<b>3.92</b>	<b>-16.82</b>	<b>nm</b>
<b>Attributable NI</b>	<b>2.09</b>	<b>1.53</b>	<b>36.9%</b>	<b>2.86</b>	<b>-16.86</b>	<b>(117.0%)</b>	<b>(26.8%)</b>	<b>(109.1%)</b>	<b>3.62</b>	<b>-14.00</b>	<b>nm</b>

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 14: Cost rationalization in IT & Technology sector partly offset the increase in pharmaceuticals OpEx**


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

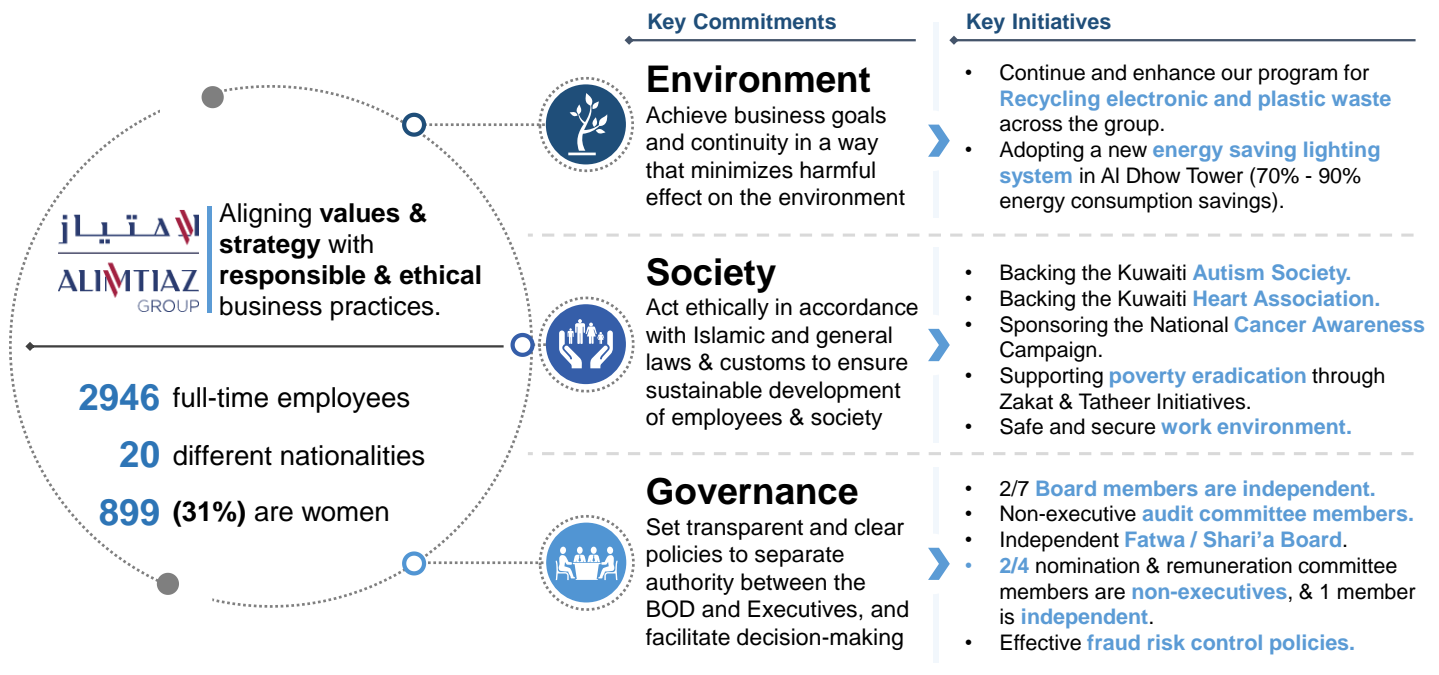
**Exhibit 15: Limited revaluation losses of real estate investments are the main driver of EBITDA recovery**


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

## Key sustainability achievements

- **Environment:** achieve business goals and continuity in a way that minimizes the harmful effect on the environment.
- **Society:** act ethically in accordance with Islamic and general laws & customs to ensure sustainable development of employees & society.
- **Governance:** set transparent and clear policies to separate authority between the BOD and Executives and facilitate decision-making.

Exhibit 16: AIIG's ESG initiatives



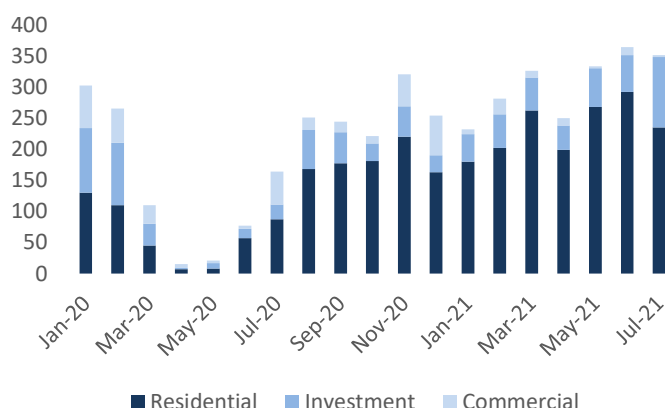
Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

## Real Estate overview: sales return to pre-pandemic levels in Kuwait and capital values stabilize globally

- Residential sales swiftly rebounded to pre-COVID levels in H2 2021 in Kuwait and are likely to remain steady in the next few years due to resilient demand and limited supply.
- Global RE is also steadily recovering in the US and UK, with home prices rising 7% y/y in UK and +18% in the US, suggesting stabilizing capital values.
- Hotel occupancy rates have also recovered to 70% in the US (in July) and 57% in the UK, having reached a low of 25% in 2020. The continued lifting of travel restrictions (on higher global inoculation) should further support hotel operators globally.
- Al Imtiaz's RE exposure in Kuwait is limited to a single commercial asset (Al-Dhow Tower) which is fully leased out, suggesting cash flow stability and limited downside risk from potential market headwinds. AIIG is also exposed to global RE through its subsidiary Dimah Capital, which is seeing a stabilization in capital values on improved global tourism, suggesting stabilization in capital values.

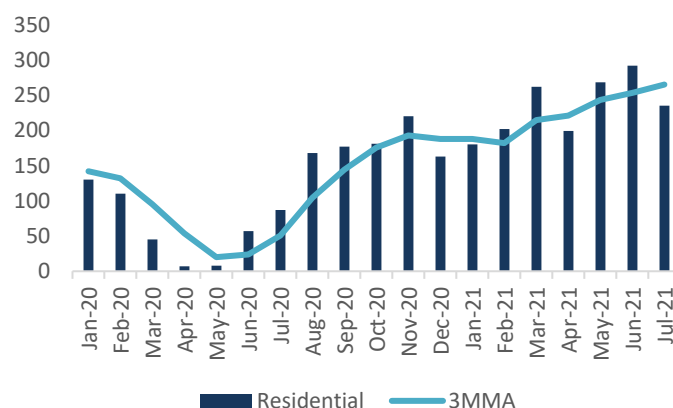
**Real Estate sales almost fully returned to pre-pandemic levels in Kuwait:** Kuwait entered a nationwide lockdown which resulted in real estate sales reaching a historical low in Q2 2020. In Q1 2021, sales have rebounded mostly driven by a pick-up in residential sales via pent-up demand from the national population. But the commercial and investment (rents) sectors have only seen a partial recovery yet from Q2 2020 trough-activity due to declining expatriate population and weak business activity still in 2021. Residential sector sales swiftly rebounded primarily due to pent-up demand and increased offerings in various emerging areas which continue to experience a shortage in adequate supply. The residential activity is expected to remain solid in the near term, but the commercial activity will likely take longer to recover contingent on a recovery in the economic activity post COVID-19.

**Exhibit 17: Real Estate Sales (KD m) per month**



Source: Kuwait Ministry of Justice

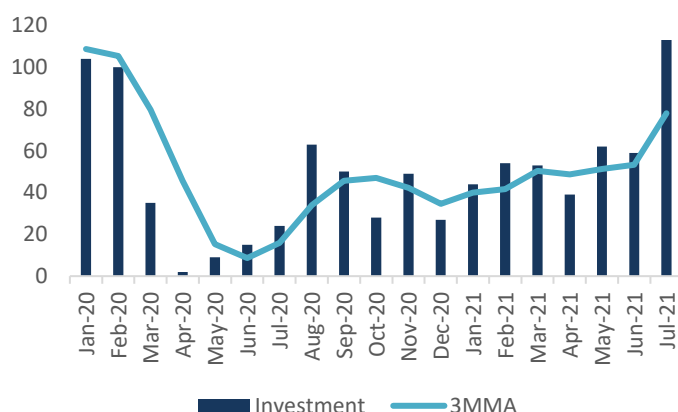
**Exhibit 18: Residential Sales (KD m) per month.**



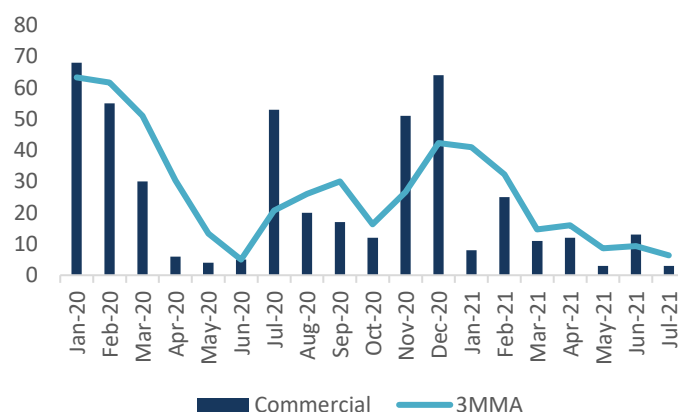
Source: Kuwait Ministry of Justice

**The Kuwaiti Government approves the draft mortgage law and passed it to parliament for discussion.** The law seeks to ease the rising pressure on the KCB to provide housing loans to citizens given the current liquidity constraints faced by the government. Although government approval is a sign of progress, the law could take some time to be approved by parliament. The law suggests that loans of up to KD 70,000 will be provided by commercial banks instead of the KCB, with a shorter maturity of 30 years rather than the 58 years under the current arrangements. This essentially, nearly doubles the monthly instalment to just under KD 200. In the event of a default, the law enables loan providers to repossess homes, however, it is unknown whether the government will mitigate this risk on homeowners. Furthermore, all interest payments generated from loans are to be assumed by the government.

**Subdued business activity continues to impact the yield environment in Kuwait, but recovery is gradually materializing.** Apartment sales have remained below pre-pandemic levels in 2021 because of weaker demand due to a lower expatriate population, who were the main driver of demand for investment properties. The sector was experiencing a slowdown (declining rents, lower prices, and increased vacancies) prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, suggesting that an imminent full recovery is unlikely in the near-term given the soft economic recovery, job nationalization efforts, and the recently proposed measures imposing a cap on the foreign resident population. The commercial sector also remains under pressure in Kuwait, with reports of rent reductions and deferred payments for some tenants, especially retail tenants with premium rent. As inoculation rates pick up in Kuwait and the economy continues to rebound, we expect a gradual recovery in the sector.

**Exhibit 19: Investment Sales (KD m) per month.**


Source: Kuwait Ministry of Justice

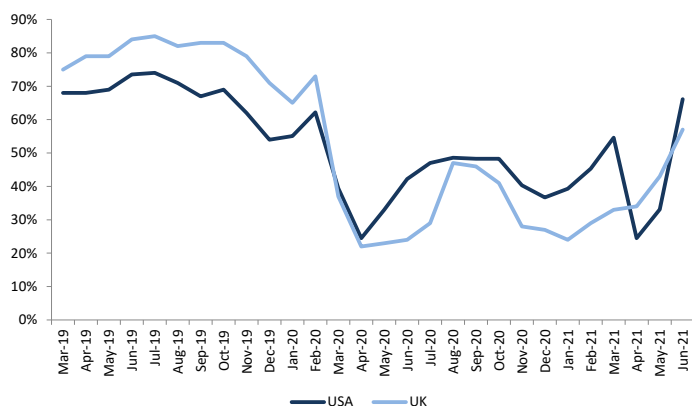
**Exhibit 20: Commercial Sales (KD m) per month**


Source: Kuwait Ministry of Justice

**AIIG's exposure to RE in Kuwait is limited to a single commercial asset (Al Dhow Tower)** which is fully leased out and generating a steady income for the group. Al-Imtiaz International Real Estate Company, a wholly owned subsidiary, is a RE investment and facility management company which owns and manages Al-Dhow Tower (Imtiaz Head Office), accounting for 12% for AIIG's portfolio NAV. AIIG generated KD 0.94m rentals from the tower in H1 21A, implying a +8% y/y growth. The company intends to continue to operate the Tower as a core asset in the future, with rentals potentially supporting dividend distributions in the coming years.

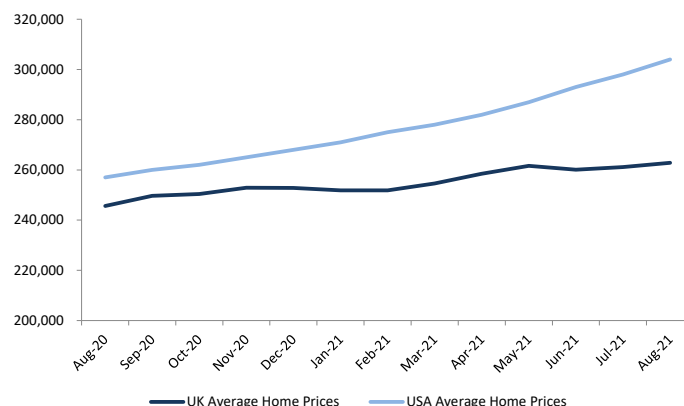
**AIIG is also heavily exposure to global real estate trends through its subsidiary Dimah Capital**, which is a fee-based AUM driven RE investment management company focusing on cash-generating international real estate assets, with AUM's worth over USD 1.3bn (largely off-balance sheet for AIIG). The portfolio consists of RE assets across the US, UK, and Europe, mainly within the hospitality, retail, and office sectors. Asset valuations were negatively impacted in FY 20A due to COVID-19 and weakness in global tourism, but we think that property values have stabilized in FY 21e, suggesting little in the way of revaluation losses over the next 12 months.

**Exhibit 21: Hospitality occupancy rates in the US and UK**



Source: STR, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 22: Average home prices in the US and UK (LC)**



Source: Halifax, Zillow, Arqaam Capital Research

**Recovery in global tourism is evident in 2021:** The hospitality industry was severely impacted during the Covid-19 pandemic, with global occupancy rates and ADR's dropping to a record low in Q2 2020 after the initial outbreak of the coronavirus. In the US, occupancy, and average daily rates (ADR) experienced the worst y-o-y decreases recorded, with average hotel occupancy rates for 2020 reaching 20%, resulting in a series of downward revaluation of capital values for tourism-linked assets. In 2021, the hospitality industry began witnessing a recovery on higher inoculation, reflected in increased hotel occupancy rates (to 70% in the US) and higher ADR's, suggesting a stabilization in asset valuations and scope for an upward revaluation in capital values in H2 2021.

## IT, Telecom, and Technology sector in the GCC

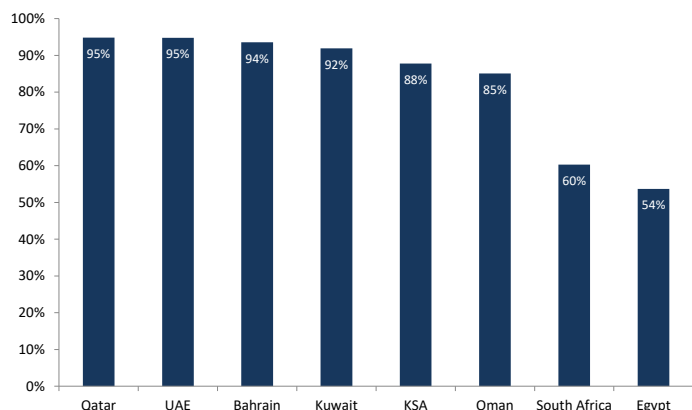
- **Integrated Technology Holding is a 100%-owned subsidiary of AIIG providing IT, cloud computing, cyber security, and enterprise software solutions to both public and private sector companies in the GCC and MENA. It currently generates 87% of its revenues from the UAE, with plans for expansions in KSA and Kuwait.**
- **The ICT sector is an integral part of Kuwait 2035 vision, but the market size remains small vis a vis regional giants KSA and UAE.**
- **The KSA ICT market stands at SAR 35bn in 2020, and is forecast to register one of the fastest growth rates at a 5yr CAGR of 8.5% by 2025e, as per IDC.**
- **The UAE is a regional leader in ICT infrastructure, but sector growth is expected to remain contained to mid-single-digit.**

**As per GMI, the UAE ICT market is estimated at c.AED 60bn in 2020 with a +2.5% y/y growth for 2021e:** IT spending in the UAE was growing at a double-digit rate in 2014 up to 2018 (5yr), where the growth rate decelerated to c.+5% y/y (AED 28bn; c. 30% of Middle East spending), as per GMI. A more modest +2.5%/y growth is slated for 2021e. As such, the IT segment currently captures c.50% ICT spending (with the remainder on B2B data/voice connectivity). The UAE is now a global leader in the infrastructure framework (fiber backbone) for ICT facilitation, ranking number 1 globally in i) FTTH deployment (>95% household penetration) as well as i) mobile speeds (driven by Etisalat). The Expo 2020 event (October 2021 to March 2022) will serve as a testament to the ICT capabilities with a wide array of IoT and M2M exhibitions in a smart city environment, fully covered with 5G connectivity. Going forward, we see mid-single digit growth with MT demand driven by the government (Smart cities/cybersecurity), healthcare (ERP), retail (e-commerce), transport (IoT), and finance sectors (Fintech/Blockchain). We see increased demand for cloudification and Big Data analytics in B2B (corporate/SME). The UAE has recently announced 10 principles over the next 50 years, one of which (principle number 7) is focused on digital, technical, and scientific excellence. In addition, demand for human capital is on the rise with plans to hire 100 programmers a day (3k a month) over the next few years. This should boost outsourcing/digital services, with a focus on IT solutions.

**The KSA ICT market stands at SAR 35bn in 2020, and is forecast to grow at a 5yr CAGR of 8.5% by 2025e as per IDC:** The ICT market is split into 2 main categories: i) IT services (c.60%) and ii) B2B voice and data (c.40%). In developed countries (USA/Germany/France/Japan and Australia), IT represents c.75-85% of B2B ICT services, as per IDC. As such, we see ample room for growth via the IT segment in KSA. As of 2020, IT services spend is estimated at SAR 22bn, at 0.8% of GDP, well lagging the 1.3% average of mature markets. This implies spending on IT in KSA can double to align with developed markets. The IT services segment is expected to be the main engine of ICT growth, with a 5yr CAGR of 11.5%, as per IDC. We see additional upside driven by public initiatives via i) Saudi Vision 2030 digital transformation program and ii) megaprojects (Neom, Qiddiya, Red Sea etc.). We also expect growth in the private sector to accelerate as demand for digital transformation is bolstered by COVID-19. The IT services market in KSA is fragmented. STC Solutions is the market leader with a c.18% market share on ACe. The top 3 contenders include Advanced Electronics Company, SBM and Ejada as per IDC.

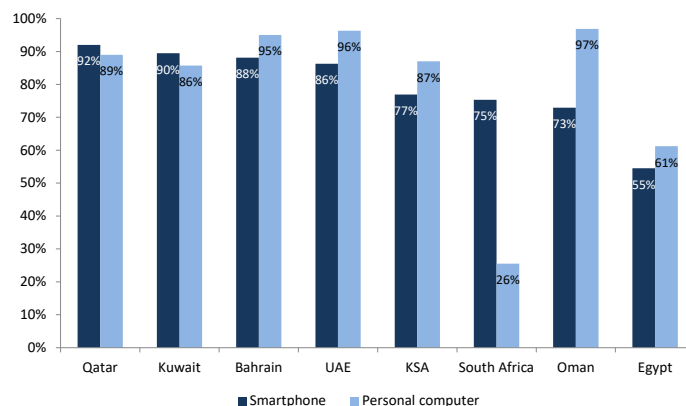
**The ICT sector is an integral part of Kuwait 2035 vision, while KPIs are already superior:** The Kuwaiti government has undertaken projects (MEP/IWP/Civil/ICT) with a total value exceeding USD 60bn and plans to spend more than USD 100bn by 2035 to achieve the set goals. In-line with the strategy focused on establishing Kuwait as a leading communications hub, ICT development has gained rapid focus, supported by i) rapid 5G rollout (full coverage) and ii) COVID-19 outbreak accelerating the shift towards digital transformation. As of latest available data by Euromonitor (2020), internet penetration is elevated in Kuwait at 92% of the population (Exhibit 1), with smartphone/personal computer penetration touching 89.5%/85.7%, respectively (Exhibits 2). We also flag that Kuwait has the highest SIM penetration in MENA (>170%). The country however lacks a proper Fiber infrastructure. Households largely rely on wireless connectivity for residential connectivity services (data stream).

**Exhibit 23: Internet penetration (2020) %**



Source: Euromonitor, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 24: Smartphone/internet penetration (2020) %**

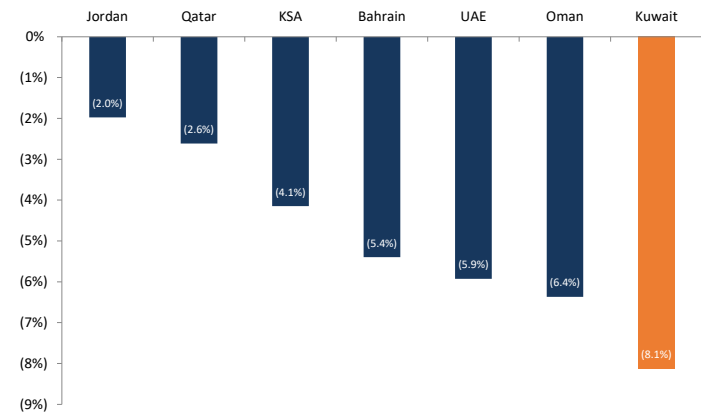


Source: Euromonitor, Arqaam Capital Research

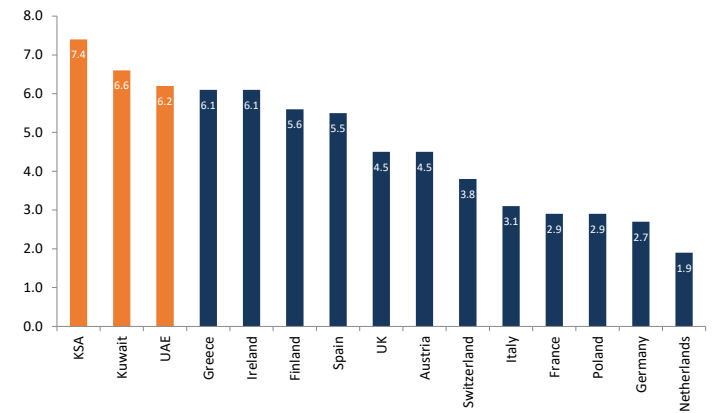
**COVID-19 a double-edge sword hindering ICT CAPEX, but pushing adoption:** The wave of lockdowns resulted in delays of ICT projects (GRE/enterprise), but also spurred unprecedented demand for digital transformation across both the public and private sectors. Kuwait specifically faced one of the strictest lockdowns, further amplified by a depopulation and the thoughts economic crisis across GCC (GDP is estimated to have contracted by 8.1% y/y, vs. -6.4% Oman, -5.9% UAE and -5.4% Bahrain; Exhibit 3). However, the strong demand for digital innovation is supporting a rebound in the ICT market in 2021e+. 5G connectivity (100% coverage) is also enabling increased IoT development, but use cases so far remain very limited. The largest opportunities are concentrated in software / digital services.

**5G availability and user penetration amongst the highest in the region and globally:** Kuwait prevails as one of the global leaders in 5G. As per Open Signal's latest report (June 2021) on 5G experience in EMEA, GCC countries (KSA, Kuwait and UAE) topped the region in 5G download speed improvement vs. 4G (Exhibit 4), which we view positively. Kuwait also leads the region in both i) 5G availability, with smartphone users spending around ¼ of their time connected to the 5G network and ii) geographic 5G reach, with users experiencing the technology in more than half of the locations visited (Exhibits 5 – 6).

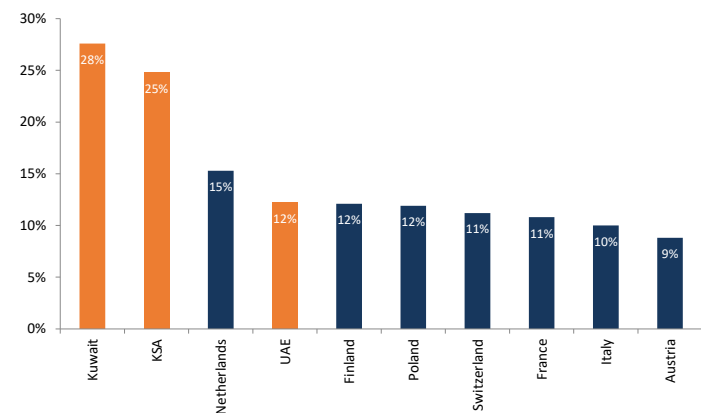


**Exhibit 25: IMF GDP % y/y (2020)**


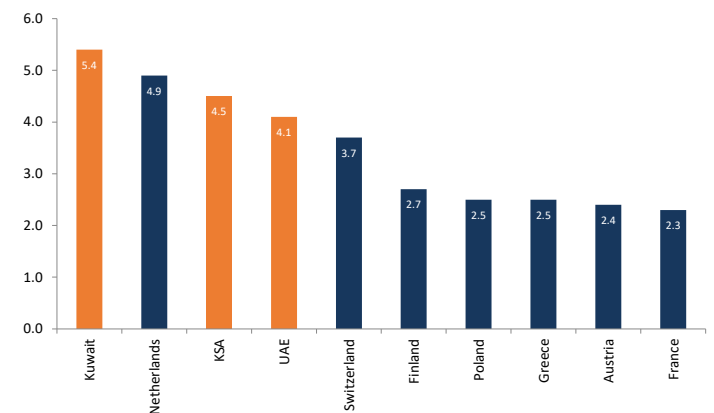
Source: IMF, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 26: 5G vs. 4G download speed improvement ratio (x)**


Source: Open Signal, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 27: 5G availability (% of time) – top 10 EMEA countries**


Source: Open Signal, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 28: 5G reach (0 – 10 score) – top 10 EMEA countries**


Source: Open Signal, Arqaam Capital Research

**ICT listed players in MENA offer a different range/type of services. ICT typically warrants high valuation multiples on strong growth prospects:** Publicly listed ICT players in MENA offer a wide array of services, mainly focused on i) fintech (mobile payment/remittances/microfinancing) to ii) managed solutions (cloudification/hosting/edge computing), to iii) software development (cybersecurity/tailored SFD). Listed peers in MENA include i) Al Moammar Information Systems MIS (KSA), ii) Yala Group in UAE (listed on NYSE) iii) Arab Sea Information Systems (KSA), iv) Microdata (Morocco) and v) Fawry for banking and payments (Egypt). In Kuwait, there are 3 listed ICT names: i) Automated Systems Co., ii) AAN Digital Services and iii) Al Intiaz Holding Company, which drives 19% of its portfolio NAV (as of Q1) from its IT & Technology Services arm Integrated Technology Holding (ITH). We flag that regional MNOs are also key players in ICT. Most notably, we flag STC's solutions by stc, soon to IPO on Tadawul (by Q3e). The global ICT sector trades at an average 56.9x P/E with MENA looking as most expensive (Exhibit 7), which we largely attribute to the small number of players listed, and the strong growth prospects vs. developed markets. FCFY/DY profiles are largely subdued, at 2.4%/0.2%, respectively.

**Exhibit 29: ICT sector valuation**

	Average				
	P/E (x)	EV/EBITDA (x)	P/S (x)	FCFY (%)	DY (%)
MENA (>100m USD in market cap)	163.5x	24.1x	1.6x	3.8%	0.7%
North America (largest c.100 companies in market cap)	59.5x	35.6x	11.2x	2.3%	0.1%
Western Europe (largest c.50 companies in market cap)	48.4x	25.1x	4.8x	3.0%	0.2%
South Asia Developing (largest c.50 companies in market cap)	41.1x	18.8x	2.6x	3.2%	1.1%
<b>Average multiples &amp; yields</b>	<b>56.9x</b>	<b>32.7x</b>	<b>8.6x</b>	<b>2.4%</b>	<b>0.2%</b>

Source: Bloomberg, Arqaam Capital Research

**Integrated Technology Holding (ITH) is a wholly owned subsidiary of AIIG** providing IT, cloud computing, cyber security, and enterprise software solutions to both public and private sector companies in the GCC and MENA with over 1200 employees. Despite the challenging environment, ITH managed to improve its performance in FY 20A through cost reduction measures and a focus on high margin services, with ITH services to the telecom industry and licensed software providing a steady and stable source of returns and cash flows. ITH generates 87% of its revenues currently from the UAE (mostly via the outsourcing of talent and the sale of licenses) and targets expansions in the GCC (KSA and Kuwait) through a capital-light organic growth (talent acquisition) and cloud & cyber security solutions. ITH accounts for 18% of AIIG's portfolio NAV.

**We expect a recovery in FY 21e P&L**, with revenues +10% y/y (ACe) on i) recognition from projects in WIP status (H2 21e as per management), ii) Expo 2020, and iii) materialization of pent-up demand as COVID-19 impacts abates. The calculated EBITDAm of 4% in FY 20A should improve on better cost structure/scale/lower overhead (8-9% in 2021e-2025e ACe). We flag that the IT business typically commands low margins (vs. Telcos) and with a wide range (depending on the service/offering) with publicly listed companies ranging between 5% to 16.5%, with a median of c.8%. However, CAPEX intensity is also low (typically <5% vs. c. 15-18% Telcos).

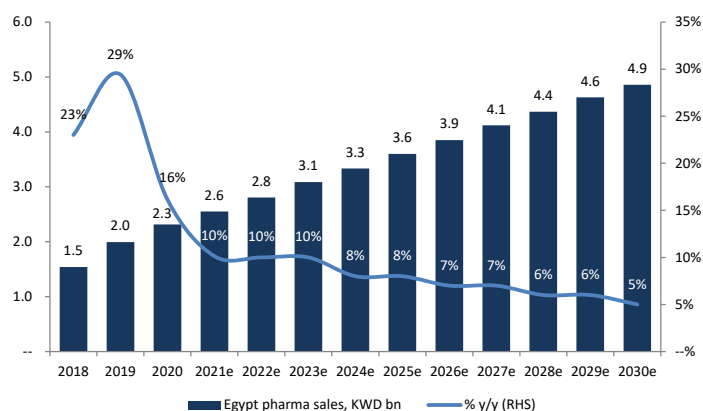
## Egypt Pharmaceuticals – sustainable growth backed by solid demand

- Rising population and high disease prevalence fuel sustainable long-term demand for pharmaceuticals. This is further supported by UHC program that aims to extend health insurance to all citizens by 2032
- COVID-19 supports short-term spike in demand for pharmaceuticals, especially from the government and hospitals; Egypt's spending on healthcare to increase by 45% in FY 21e budget.
- We expect Al Ritaj Holding (RHC) to deliver strong revenue growth with a 5-yr CAGR of 13%. This is supported by expansions and de-bottlenecking in existing facilities.

**Demographic pressure and disease prevalence fuel solid demand for medicines.** Egypt's demographics pressures are rising, with fertility rate on the rise, this has contributed to rapid population growth, which has now surpassed 100m and is expected to reach 128m by FY 30e. The country's healthcare system is also strained by high disease prevalence, where NCDs account for 74% of all deaths, a third of which is attributable to cardiovascular diseases (+60% over the past decade). Egypt also has one of the highest overweight & obesity rates among adults, and the highest diabetes prevalence among regional peers, which now stands at 17% of those within 20- 79 years of age vs. 11% a decade ago.

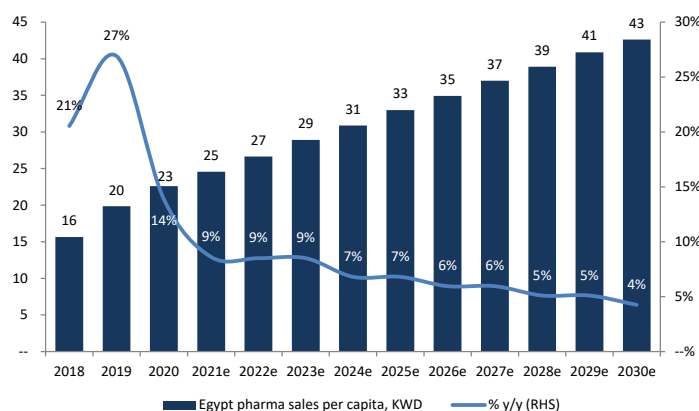
**Increasing insurance penetration through UHC to support more spending in the sector.** In late-2017, Egypt passed a landmark Comprehensive Health Insurance (CHI) law to accelerate progress towards universal health coverage (UHC). The government aims to expand insurance coverage to the entire population by 2032, including those who are unable to pay (30m living below the poverty line) and requires public entities to meet international accreditation standards (previously voluntary). This should stimulate spending on healthcare and pharmaceuticals, which is currently inadequate and relies on OOP payments. Although almost 60% of Egyptians (c.58m people) have health insurance through the government's HIO, the number of beneficiaries is most likely much lower as (1) it includes students (22m, added to HIO in 1993) who are not necessarily actively using their insurance, and (2) many households don't use this insurance on concerns about the quality of care at public facilities.

**Exhibit 30: Egypt's pharma market has been on a strong rising trend, supported by...**



Source: IMS Health, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 31: ...increasing per capita consumption and rising volumes as price increases are fixed by the MoH**



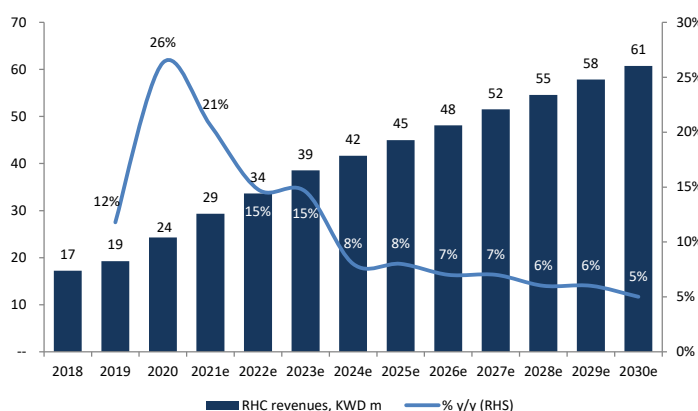
Source: IMS Health, Arqaam Capital Research

**Egypt's pharma market is largely fragmented and firmly regulated by the government.** Pharma manufacturing is dominated by the private sector (97%) with an even split between local and multinational players. The market hosts 150+ producers and 1400+ toll-manufacturing companies, and is highly fragmented, with the top 5 suppliers accounting for 25% of sales. The pricing of medicines has been regulated via a strict compulsory pricing system since the 1950s aiming to offer medicines at affordable prices to consumers. Medicine pricing relies on the external reference pricing system, linking Egypt's drug prices to the lowest international price, out of a basket of 36 countries. Price revision is allowed every 5 years, if FX changes by +/- 15%, or when a company requests price revision for its products, not exceeding 5% of its product portfolio. Given the absence of frequent price adjustments, manufacturers register new drugs with the same active ingredient at higher prices, and discontinue the cheaper substitute. This "substitution mechanism" ensures constant improvement in average selling prices, and is a key growth driver for the sector, along with increased volumes.

**RHC's expansions, and de-bottlenecking to enhance growth in the short-term.** Over FY 20A, RHC has exceeded market growth (+26% vs. 16% for the market), which we attribute to expanding and upgrading of its manufacturing plants. Delta has established a new factory, which will be complete by Q1 22e, while Pharonia has completed the de-bottlenecking of the existing production lines. We expect 5-year revenue CAGR of c.13% for RHC, with market share to reach 1.25% vs. 1.05% in 2020, this compares to 9% market growth across the same period.

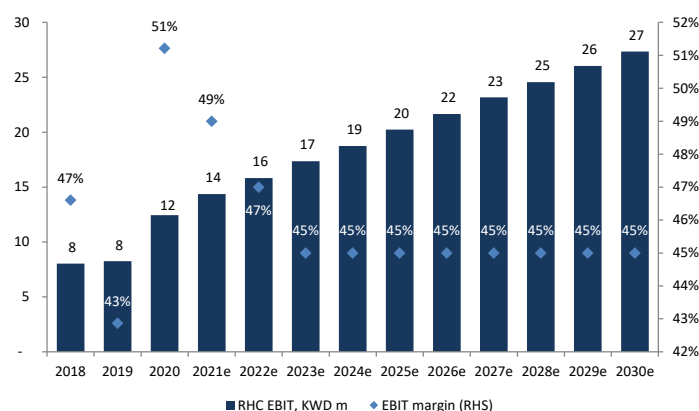
**EBIT to normalize starting FY 23e as the COVID-19 impact subsides.** We expect EBIT margin to normalize to 2018-19's average of c.45% vs., 51% in 2020 as the impact from high-margin COVID drugs (mainly antibiotics) subsides. Key upside risk lies in registration on new high-margin drugs and/or increasing prices of existing products within their portfolio.

**Exhibit 32: We expect 5-yr revenue CAGR of c.13% for RHC, supported by capacity adds over the next 5 years**



Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 33: EBIT to normalize to 2018-19 average of 45% as impact from high-margin COVID drugs subsides**



Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 34: Capacity utilisation rates of RHC's production facilities**

Production line	% Capacity Utilization	% Capacity Utilization
	(Pharo Pharma)	(Delta Pharma)
Liquid filling	108%	66%
Drops (non-sterile)	122%	NA
Semi-solid (creams, tube filling)	70%	45%
Suppository	100%	90%
Sachets' filling	103%	NA
Tablet	99%	110%
Capsules	111%	80%
Sterile Eye drops	41%	NA
Sterile Ampoules	94%	NA
Sterile Vial	NA	25%

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Delta and Pharo Pahramceuticals are currently among the top 30 Pharmaceutical manufacturers in the Egyptian pharmaceutical market** with a consolidated value market share of 1.4% as per YTD March IMS International audit. This reflects a growth from 1.39% (market share) same period last year. Market share has been growing due to portfolio optimization and optimal resource allocation among promotional lines. Gastroenterology and Central nervous system products continue to be the main growth drivers for the group. The emphasis in FY 20A was on portfolio optimization through a focus on the sale of high-margin products to enhance profitability, suggesting that the growth in sales is more attributable to value rather than volume. RHC generates 68% of its revenues from the Egyptian local private sector, 26% from the Egyptian tender sector, and 6% from exports. The company currently exports to Iraq, Yemen, and Sudan, and plans to expand its export channel into new countries in Africa and Asia.

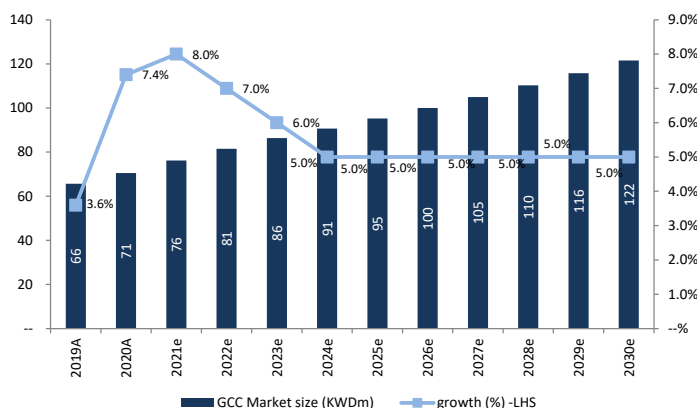
## GCC F&B sector – underlying fundamentals support LT structural growth

- GCC demographics are favorable (population 5yr CAGR of 2% with >40% below age 45) for sustained growth in food consumption. We estimate c.6% CAGR for the region's herb/spice market reaching KWD 95m in FY25e (vs. KWD 71m in FY20A).
- GCC herb/spices market is largely consolidated (c.55-60% of total). The top 3 players in KSA (largest regional market) grab a 45% market share. Majdi Foods is the 3<sup>rd</sup> biggest player (c.10% market share in KSA, c.8% in GCC).
- We expect Majdi Foods to deliver strong revenue growth with a 5-yr CAGR of c.8.3%. This is supported by KSA expansion (c.1,700 POS vs. 263 in Q1 20A) and M/S gains.

**GCC herb/spices market grew at a c.2% CAGR over 2015-20:** GCC herb/spice market expanded at 1.8% CAGR over 2015-20 to USD 230m, slightly lagging population growth CAGR of c.2%. This was due to pressure in KSA, the largest consumer market in the region (5-yr CAGR at only c.0.2%), which registered a drop to USD 152m in 2017 vs. USD 168m in 2017. The Saudi consumption was pressured by the i) introduction of VAT, and ii) expat departures (a high percentage of which emanates from the Indian continent with a preference for spices). Qatar was the most resilient market, growing at 5-yr CAGR of c.8.9%, followed by UAE (c.7.6%), Oman (c.5.7%) and Kuwait (c.5.2%).

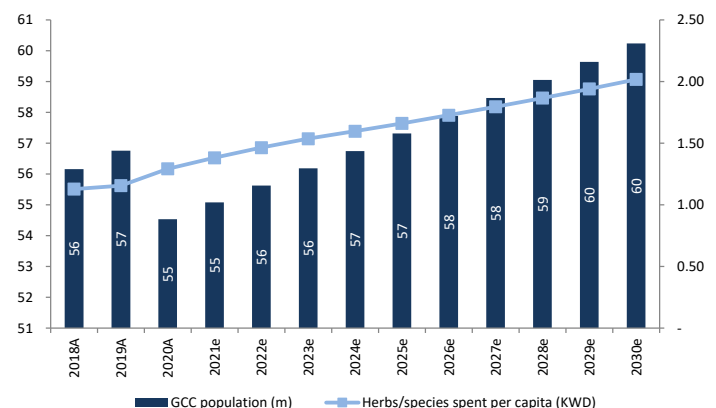
**Demographics in the region are conducive for LT growth:** The regional demographic profile is predominantly young (c.45-50% aged between 15-44), and population growth is forecast to reach c.57m by 2025e (+8% vs. 2020). We also expect a positive impact from pickup in expats in KSA starting 2022e, and a favorable shift in consumption behavior given the increased focus on health benefits of spice/herb in food consumption.

**Exhibit 35: GCC herbs & spices market has been on rising trend. We expect 5% growth/annum....**



Source: Euromonitor, Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 36: ...followed by growing population and pick-up in per capita consumption.**



Source: Euromonitor, Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

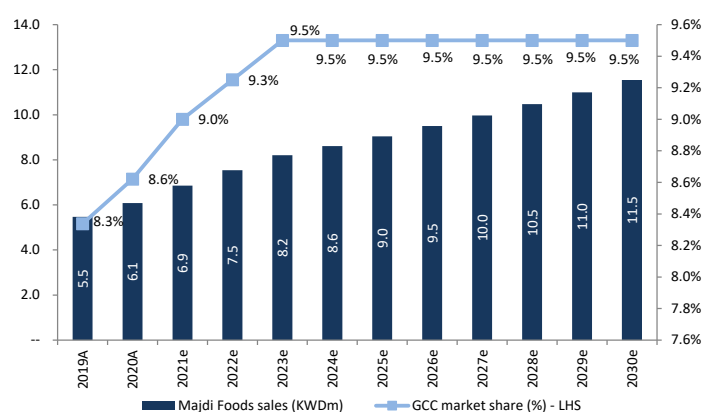
**GCC herbs/spices market is largely consolidated:** GCC herb/spices market is dominated by large players (c.55-60% of total) with remaining share secured by smaller/private label operators. The top 3 players in KSA grab c.45% of the market. Mehran Spices is the market leader (MS c.24%), followed by American Garden (c.10.8%) and Majdi Food Centre (c.10%).

**Market focus on low-cost pricing:** Our market survey suggests most players are focusing on value-for-money offerings (prices ranging between USD 10-12 per kg). As competition rises, larger players enjoying economies of scale are targeting product differentiation across the value chain. This includes herb/spice producers positioning at the high-end of the market to better serve the rising demand for premium high-quality and organic products (like Majdi Foods, c.20-25% premium pricing to peers) and making in-roads into growing online business.

**Majdi Foods regional presence to improve post distribution network ramp up in KSA:** Majdi Foods currently grabs 8.6% market share in GCC herb/spices market. We expect substantial growth in KSA market coverage as the company has recently negotiated agreements with a new distributor (products availability rose to 1,706 POS in Q1 21A vs. just 263 in Q1 20A). We expect this to be followed by an 88bps expansion in total market share to c.9.5% by FY 23e.

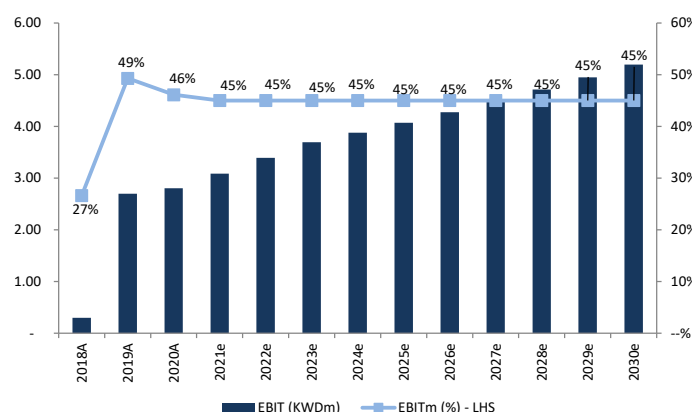
**EBIT to grow at c.5% CAGR over FY20-25e:** We expect Majdi Foods revenue to grow at 5-yr CAGR of c.5% to reach KWD 7.5m in FY 24e. We see EBIT at CAGR of c.5% with EBITm stabilizing at c.45%. We forecast revenue and EBIT contribution to the group could reach c.8%/c.10% by FY 25e.

**Exhibit 37: We expect 5-yr revenue CAGR of c.8% for Majdi Foods. GCC market share to reach c.9.5% vs. c.8.5% in FY 20A.**



Source: Euromonitor, Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

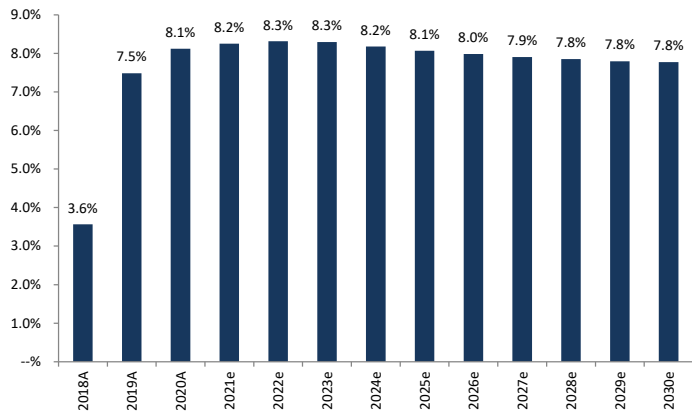
**Exhibit 38: EBIT to grow at 5-yr CAGR of c.7.5%, EBITm to stabilize at c.45%**



Source: Company Data, Bloomberg, Arqaam Capital Research

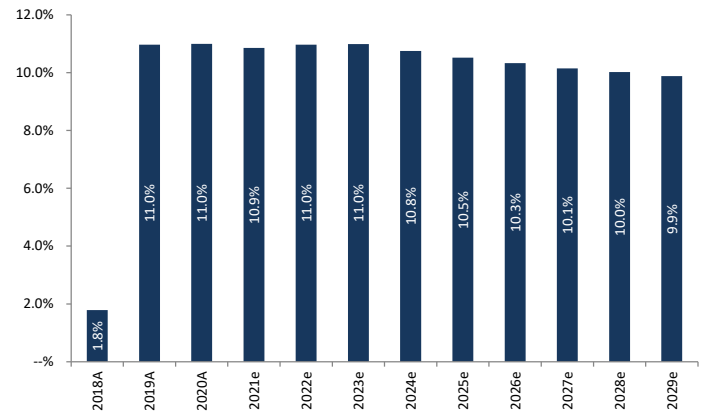


**Exhibit 39: F&B contribution to total revenues should remain at c.7.5-8%...**



Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 40: ...while contribution to group EBIT would stabilize at c.10%**

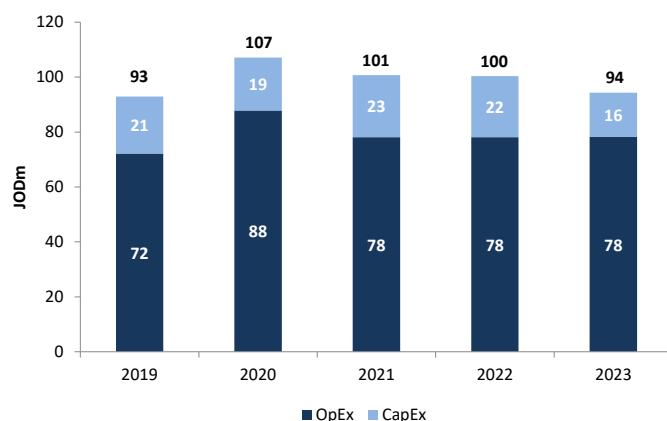


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

## Jordan Education – Amman Arab University

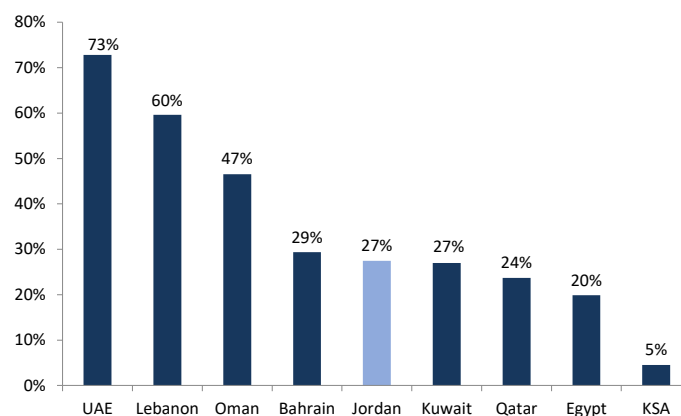
**Higher education plays a key role in the economic and social development of Jordan**, having had recorded significant progress in terms of the diversity of study programs, patterns of teaching and learning that control both the quality and expansion of higher education institutions (10 public, 17 private, 51 community colleges, in addition to the World Islamic Sciences and Education University), as well as increase in the number of enrolments (236k across both public and private institutions, of which 28k are from Arab or foreign nationalities) within the country over the past decade. This was further evidenced by the size of expenditures and government support.

**Exhibit 41: MoHE budget- targeting reduction in total expenses...**



Source: MoHE, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 42: ...while propping up private sector share of enrolments**



Source: UNESCO, Arqaam Capital Research

**Strategic Objectives of Jordan's Ministry of Higher Education** broadly fall into 2 categories: (i) improving the quality of education by adopting best practices, enhancing Edtech and coordinating graduate studies with current job market requirements. (ii) providing equal opportunities to qualified students.

**The key performance indicators of the strategy of higher education** appear clearly through percentages of males and female enrolment into regular admission programs and parallel programs, steady increase in faculty members, financial support for institutions of higher education, turnout for expansion of private universities sharing the financial burden with the public sector, updating libraries of universities and linking all institutions of higher education to the electronic periodicals and universities networks, and finally accrediting the TOEFL certificate as an admission certificate for joining master and PhD programs. The Higher Education Accreditation Commission supervises on quality assurance at both public and private institutions, while the Scientific Research Support Fund finances projects with national priorities, offering grants for outstanding graduates.

**Exhibit 43: KPIs**

<b>Strategic objectives</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2023</b>
Student to teacher ratio	30	33
Introduction of majors supporting job market	71	76
Majors available regionally and globally	23	27
Number of students receiving financial aid	43,000	46,000

*Source: MoHE, Arqaam Capital Research*

**Amman Arab University caters for c.5% of Jordan's private higher education sector**, hosting more than 3,000 students, at full capacity, across 9 faculties including Educational and Psychological Sciences, Business, Law, Computer Sciences and Information Systems, Arts and Sciences, Engineering, Pharmacy, Aviation and Sharia. Al Imtiaz owns 98.6% direct and indirect equity stake in AAU, accounted for as a subsidiary.

**AAU to raise capacity by 2.3x by FY 22e:** The group began excavation works to construct new buildings to accommodate for c.7k students, following the approval of the Higher Education Accreditation and Quality Assurance Committee to raise overall student capacity. The new capacity is due to be ready by the beginning of FY 22e, heralding a new chapter of growth for the company.

### Kuwait Education – Humansoft (Hold, KWD 4.25 TP)

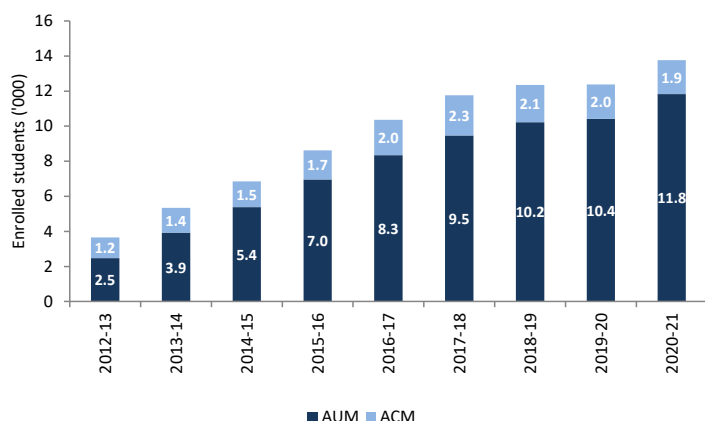
- AIIG owns a minority stake in Humansoft, carried at FV (mktcap) under financial investments on AIIG books.
- We recently cut our FVE on Humansoft to KWD 4.25 and downgraded the stock to Hold on lack of growth catalysts in FY 22e (32% lower prelim scholarship allocations) with c.30% drop in profits as operating margins normalize from all-time highs with in-person learning anticipated in Fall 2021. We value Humansoft at KWD 4.25/share in our ALIMTIAZ KK TP, comprising 10% of our TP.

### Improved quality of private education draws increased number of students opting to study in Kuwait:

Tertiary education options within Kuwait were until the mid 2000s limited to the Public Authority for Applied Education and Training (PAAET) and Kuwait University. The Kuwaiti government issued c.19 licenses to private education establishments since (such as Humansoft) with the aim to reduce the direct burden of education infrastructure spending in the government, while concurrently expanding the tertiary education options available domestically to Kuwait graduates. The tertiary education sector in Kuwait absorbs c.30k secondary school graduates/year, of which c.68% attend state-funded establishments such as PAAET (c.48% of enrollment) and Kuwait University (c.20%) with the remaining 32% either studying locally at private universities/colleges (c.24%) or overseas at international education establishments (c.7%). More Kuwaitis are choosing to study locally, given improved options for tertiary education. Though the rising cost of international tuition has generally been absorbed by government sponsorship programs that cover tuition and living expenses for Kuwaiti nationals studying abroad, local study has now become more attractive to the average secondary school graduate.

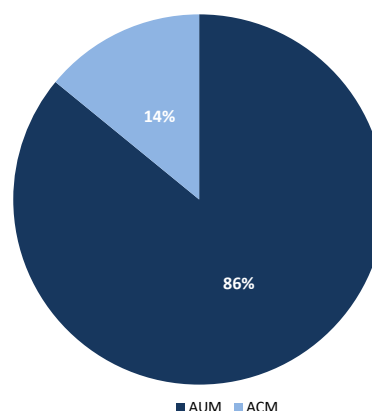
**Humansoft runs a total student capacity of c.14k** through both the American University of Middle East (AUM) and the American College of Middle East (ACM). The 2 facilities share a 261k sqm campus in Egaila, opened in 2008, and currently offer qualifications in business studies, engineering, and information technology as well as a foundation course in the English language. New majors approved to launch in Fall 2022 (expect c.50 students in year 1) include Petroleum engineering, chemical engineering and civil engineering technology at ACM and masters in engineering programs at AUM.

**Exhibit 44: Student enrollments**



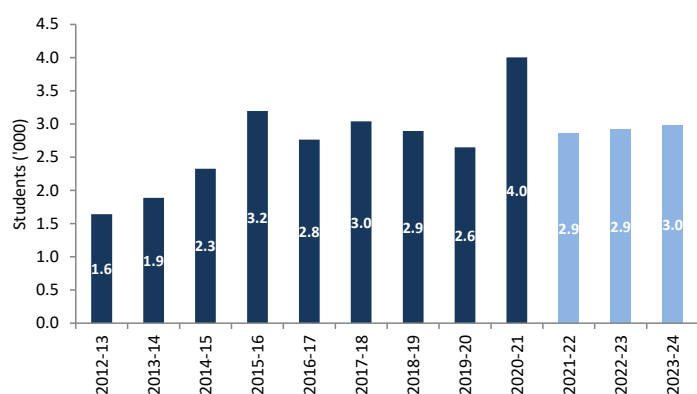
Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 45: AUM accounts for c.86% of total enrolments**

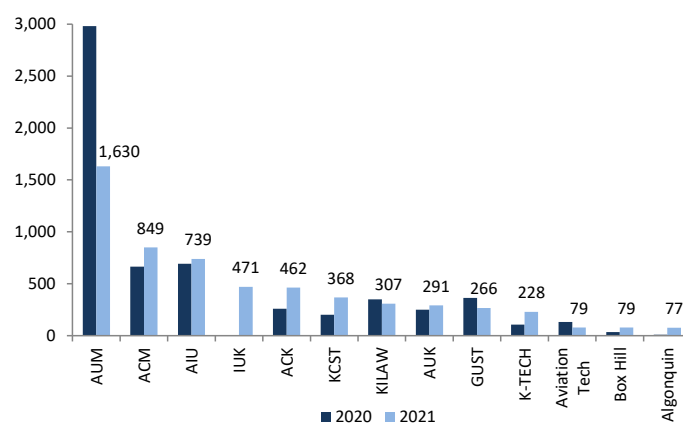


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Humansoft allocated a total of 2.5k scholarships for Fall 2021 in preliminary government press release**, implying 32% drop y/y driven by AUM (-45%), only partially offset by higher assignment to ACM (+28%). Based on the circulated list, the group should receive c.42% of total scholarships (vs. 60% in 2020), with total pool inching 3% lower as the government (catering for c.70% of secondary school graduates) carries on with its network expansions. While actual registrations could surprise on the upside (c.+10% to published 2.5k on follow up applications and self-funded students), the lower pool of scholarships and new market entrants suggest increased competition in the private tertiary education market, further dimming prospects for capacity adds shortly.

**Exhibit 46: New enrollments**


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 47: Scholarship allocations**


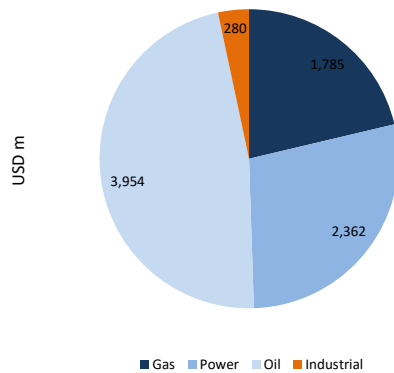
Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**We expect Humansoft to maintain student count at c.13.9k in FY 22e**, with operating margins converging to pre-COVID levels of 53%, implying c.30% drop in profits from record high levels in FY 21e thanks to a transitional academic calendar post pandemic disruption as well as substantial efficiencies due to online learning.

## Kuwait Energy & Construction sector

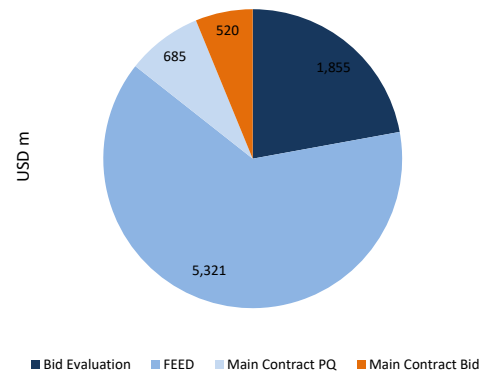
**A resilient outlook for oil & gas and infrastructure projects in Kuwait; a key driver for HOTECC.** HOTECC is focused on government-based projects in Kuwait in the oil and gas, industrial, civil infrastructure, and construction sectors. A resilient outlook is expected for the Kuwaiti government led projects in the oil & gas, industrials and power sectors at USD 10.8bn in pre-execution phase (bid evaluation), according to MEED. The largest contribution comes from the oil & gas sector in the upstream oil production for USD 5.95bn followed by the power sector at USD 3.95bn. We expect HOTECC to capitalize on the heavy pipeline of projects as part of Kuwaiti government infrastructure and energy spending plans.

**Exhibit 48: Oil & Gas comes in the first priority of Kuwaiti government at USD 5.95bn**



Source: MEED, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 49: Projects worth USD 3.7bn should be awarded in FY 21e and USD 7.1bn in FY 22e**



Source: MEED, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 50: Projects pipeline in MENA (USD 8.4 trillion): Kuwait holds 7% of total projects in MENA**

	Execution	Main Contract PQ	On Hold	Bid Evaluation	Complete	Study	Design	Main Contract Bid	Operation	Shutdown	Grand Total
Saudi Arabia	932,388	13,011	334,389	23,784	470,159	141,233	183,847	18,886	162,295	13,139	2,844,017
Qatar	115,292	14,905	40,370	9,477	259,940	25,298	40,339	6,615	65,668	1,574	751,237
UAE	522,079	20,137	235,904	42,188	580,267	91,813	79,529	2,436	84,678	1,560	2,473,546
Kuwait	73,574	13,433	25,040	4,815	135,525	82,647	41,782	5,066	31,593	256	574,651
Egypt	266,953	5,646	57,327	7,476	188,696	160,289	62,396	365	2,260		953,178
Oman	70,024	12,449	64,834	8,870	116,845	49,384	10,968	2,450	25,040		431,114
Bahrain	31,066	130	11,607	1,537	54,936	21,616	10,170	223	4,656	424	173,682
Yemen			32,566		6,644	302	200				179,379
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>2,011,376</b>	<b>79,711</b>	<b>802,037</b>	<b>98,147</b>	<b>1,813,012</b>	<b>572,582</b>	<b>429,231</b>	<b>36,041</b>	<b>376,190</b>	<b>16,953</b>	<b>8,380,804</b>

Source: MEED Projects, Arqaam Capital Research

**Exhibit 51: The construction sector is >50% of total projects in MENA**

Row Labels	Construction	Transport	Water	Industrial	Power	Gas	Oil	Chemical	Grand Total
Saudi Arabia	1,483,068	421,550	75,021	99,336	297,156	125,626	166,111	176,149	2,844,017
Qatar	250,733	171,981	36,975	16,292	47,250	134,439	49,378	44,189	751,237
UAE	1,630,716	228,838	50,719	79,886	171,330	104,845	152,128	55,084	2,473,546
Kuwait	244,773	97,958	20,907	3,611	65,158	31,341	95,596	15,307	574,651
Egypt	412,371	110,116	10,940	58,284	153,000	76,547	36,367	95,553	953,178
Oman	130,210	64,029	28,355	31,529	37,813	44,012	48,149	47,017	431,114
Bahrain	84,965	37,266	5,030	10,027	12,879	3,108	15,189	5,218	173,682
Yemen	128,253	26,750	598	4,680	6,115	5,190	7,793		179,379
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>4,365,089</b>	<b>1,158,488</b>	<b>228,545</b>	<b>303,645</b>	<b>790,701</b>	<b>525,108</b>	<b>570,711</b>	<b>438,517</b>	<b>8,380,804</b>

Source: MEED Projects, Arqaam Capital Research

**Triple E offers exposure to less cyclical operations focused on oilfield services in Kuwait with low breakeven cost.** Triple E offers a wide range of oil field services including i) drilling support services (rig transportation, location construction and logistic services), ii) artificial lifting, iii) heavy equipment rental and iv) well head maintenance. The company relies on clients' budgets for operating expenditures rather than capital expenditures for development and exploration wells – the latter being more cyclical depending on oil prices. Also, Triple E' business model limited cyclicity stems from a concentrated exposure to Kuwait with low breakeven levels.

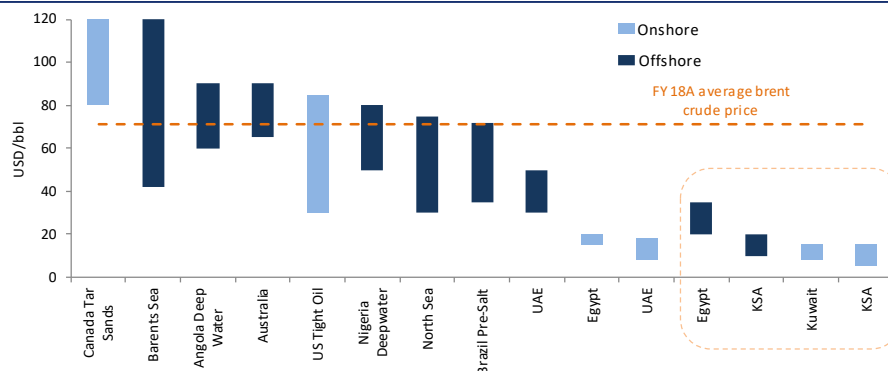
**Exhibit 52: We expect a 50% y/y recovery in contracting revenues in FY 21e on stronger execution rates and 10% y/y increase in FY 20A backlog**

	FY 19A	FY 20A	FY 21e	FY 22e	FY 23e	FY 24e	FY 25e	FY 26e
Beg. Backlog		134	147	149	149	148	147	145
Awards		19	9	9	9	9	9	9
Revenues	8.1	5.3	7.9	9.1	10.0	10.5	11.0	11.5
<b>End. Backlog</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>149</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>147</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>143</b>

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Expansionary budget with 6.9% y/y increase in fiscal spending in FY 21/22.** The parliament approved the budget for FY21/22 showing a 6.9% y/y expected increase in expenditure, reaching KWD 23bn (59.7% of GDP with oil at USD 55), with salaries and wages making up the bulk (71.6%), and allocating 20% higher budgeted CapEx, while subsidies on fuel continues in absence of fiscal reforms. The government plans to increase CapEx by 20% y/y to KWD 3.5bn (USD 11.6bn) in FY 21/22, representing 15% of budget expenses, mainly on infrastructure projects including transportation (airports and roads at KWD 460m), health care (hospitals at KWD 144m) and water sewage (KWD 50m). Revenues should increase 45.7% y/y to KWD 10.9bn (broken down into 83% from oil revenues and 17% non-oil), with higher oil further increasing the contribution from oil in absence of new taxes and levies, such as introduced in other GCC countries.



**Exhibit 53: The MENA region has the lowest breakeven levels globally**


Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

**Kuwait is a highly consolidated market with nine identified rig contractors actively competing for contracts.** The qualification process for the Kuwait Oil Company, alongside extended contract terms, is understood to be a limiting factor for prospective entrants into the Kuwaiti market. The potential for higher operating margin is higher in Kuwait vs. neighboring GCC countries, supported by a less competitive sector with few contractors qualified to operate for the Kuwait Oil Company (KOC).

**Exhibit 54: We expect revenues per rig to grow by a CAGR of 20% in FY 20-24e thanks to recovery of oil markets**

	FY 19A	FY 20A	FY 21e	FY 22e	FY 23e	FY 24e	FY 25e	FY 26e
<b>Number of operating rigs</b>	54	51	51	53	55	55	55	55
<b>Revenues per rig (KWD)</b>	16,667	11,448	13,738	16,485	19,782	23,739	26,112	26,112
<b>Revenues (KWD m)</b>	0.90	0.58	0.70	0.87	1.09	1.31	1.44	1.44

Source: Company Data, Arqaam Capital Research

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